

Search for Higgs bosons and new physics at LEP

Pablo García-Abia (Madrid-CIEMAT)

On behalf of the LEP Collaborations:



Les Rencontres de Physique de la Vallée d'Aoste,

La Thuile, March 14, 2003



End of data taking at LEP on December 2000

Many interesting results presented in several occasions:

Higgs, SUSY, exotica...

I review a small set of selected topics



- Standard Model Higgs (MSSM Higgs)
- Gluino and squark search
- Extra dimensions
- Search for branons



FINAL LEP RESULTS

*Search for the Standard Model Higgs boson at LEP,
CERN-EP/2003-??, to be submitted to Phys. Lett. B*

All LEP experiments published their final results:

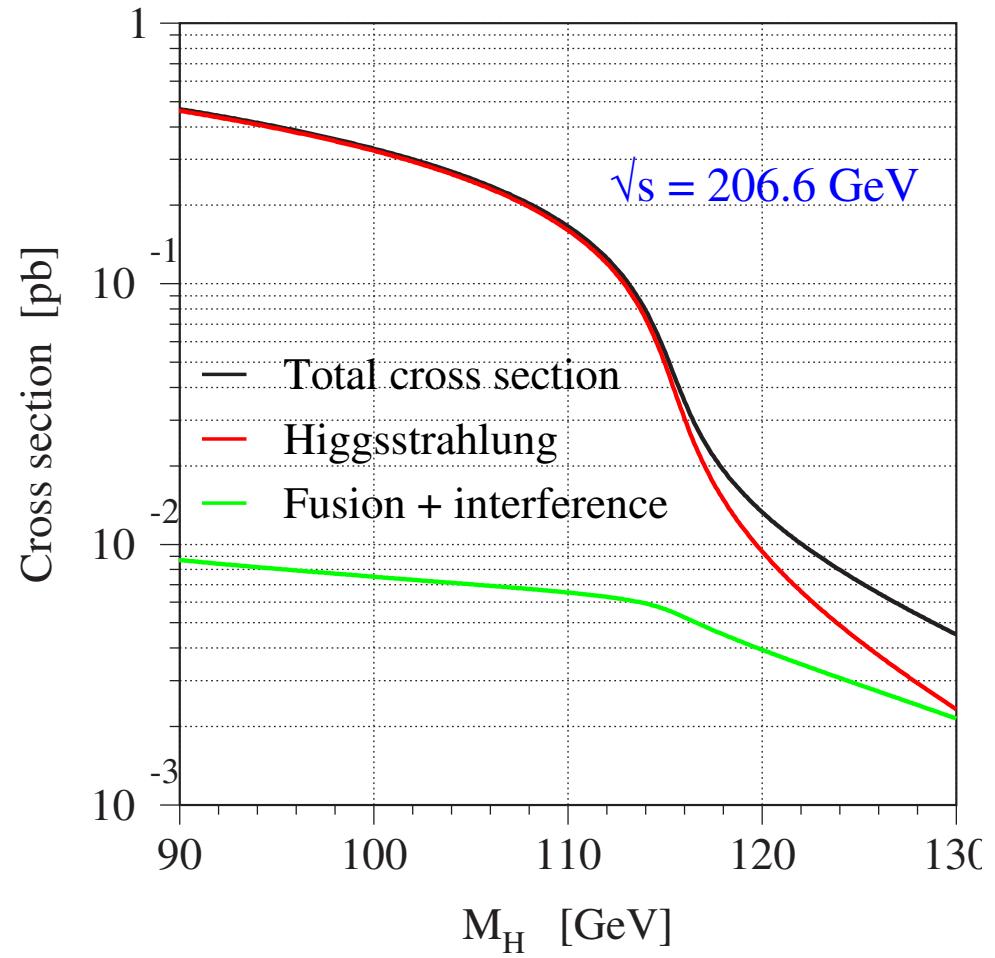
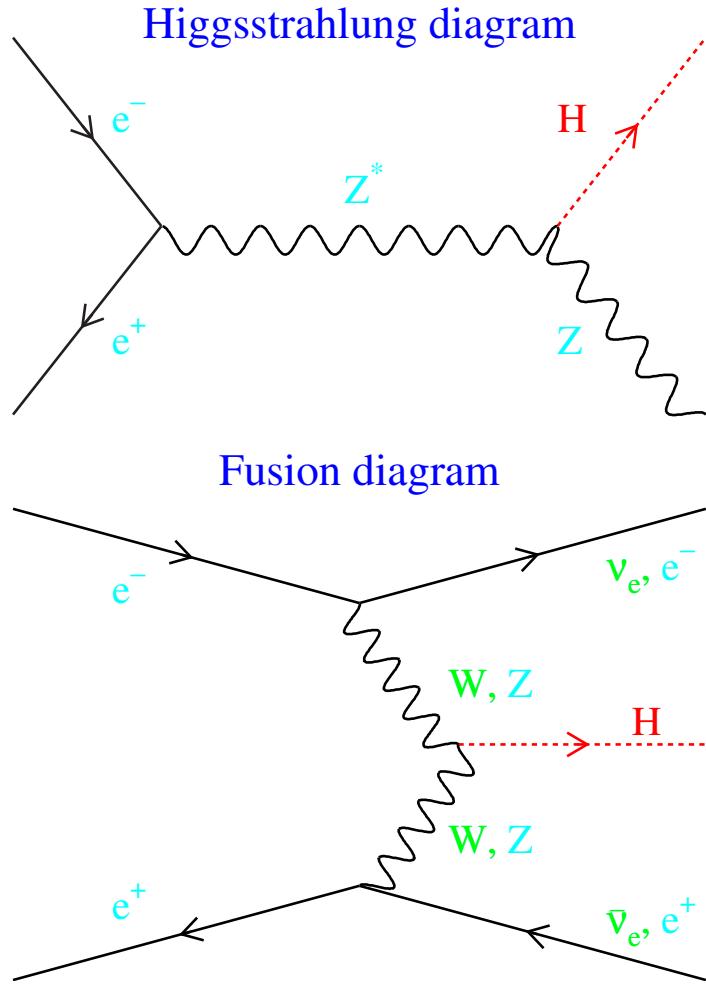
ALEPH Collab., R. Barbate et al., Phys. Lett. B **526** (2002) 191

DELPHI Collab., J. Abdallah et al., CERN-EP/2003-008, to be published in
Eur. Phys. J. C

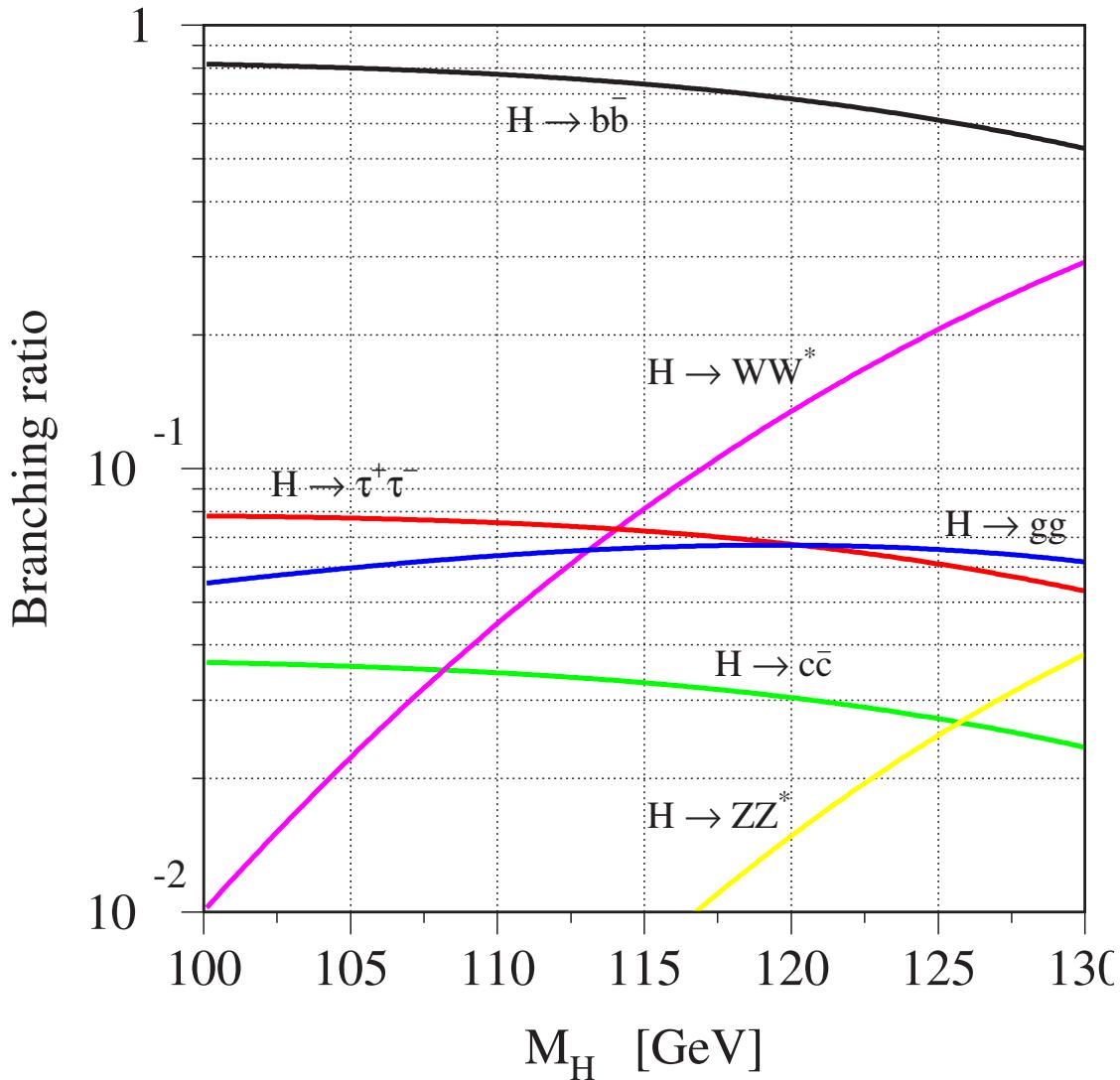
L3 Collab., M. Acciarri et al., Phys. Lett. B **517** (2001) 319

OPAL Collab., G. Abbiendi et al., CERN-EP/2002-059, to be published in
Eur. Phys. J. C

Higgs production at LEP



Higgs and Z decay branching ratios



$\text{Br}(Z \rightarrow \text{hadrons}) = 69.9\%$

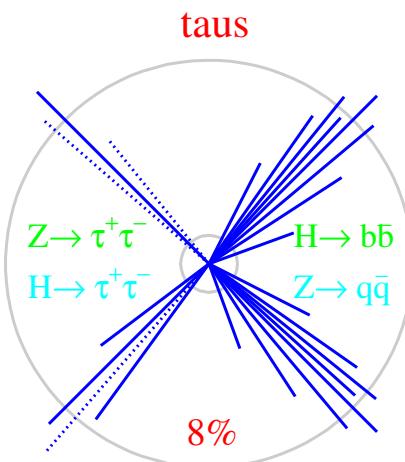
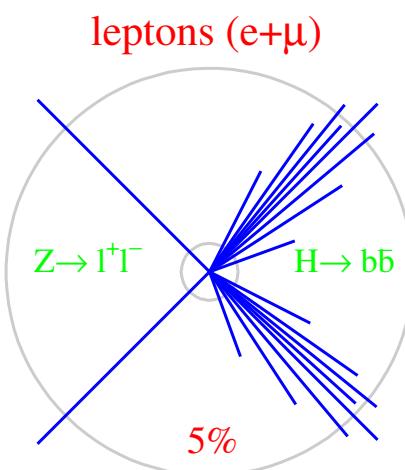
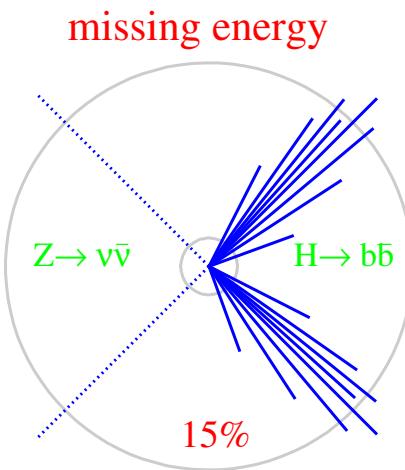
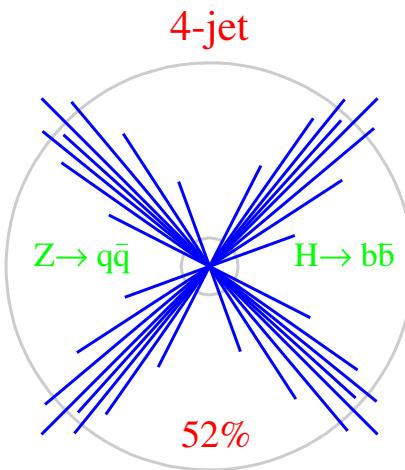
$\text{Br}(Z \rightarrow \text{invisible}) = 20.0\%$

$\text{Br}(Z \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-) = 3.4\%$

Topology of the final states



About 80% of the final states exploited



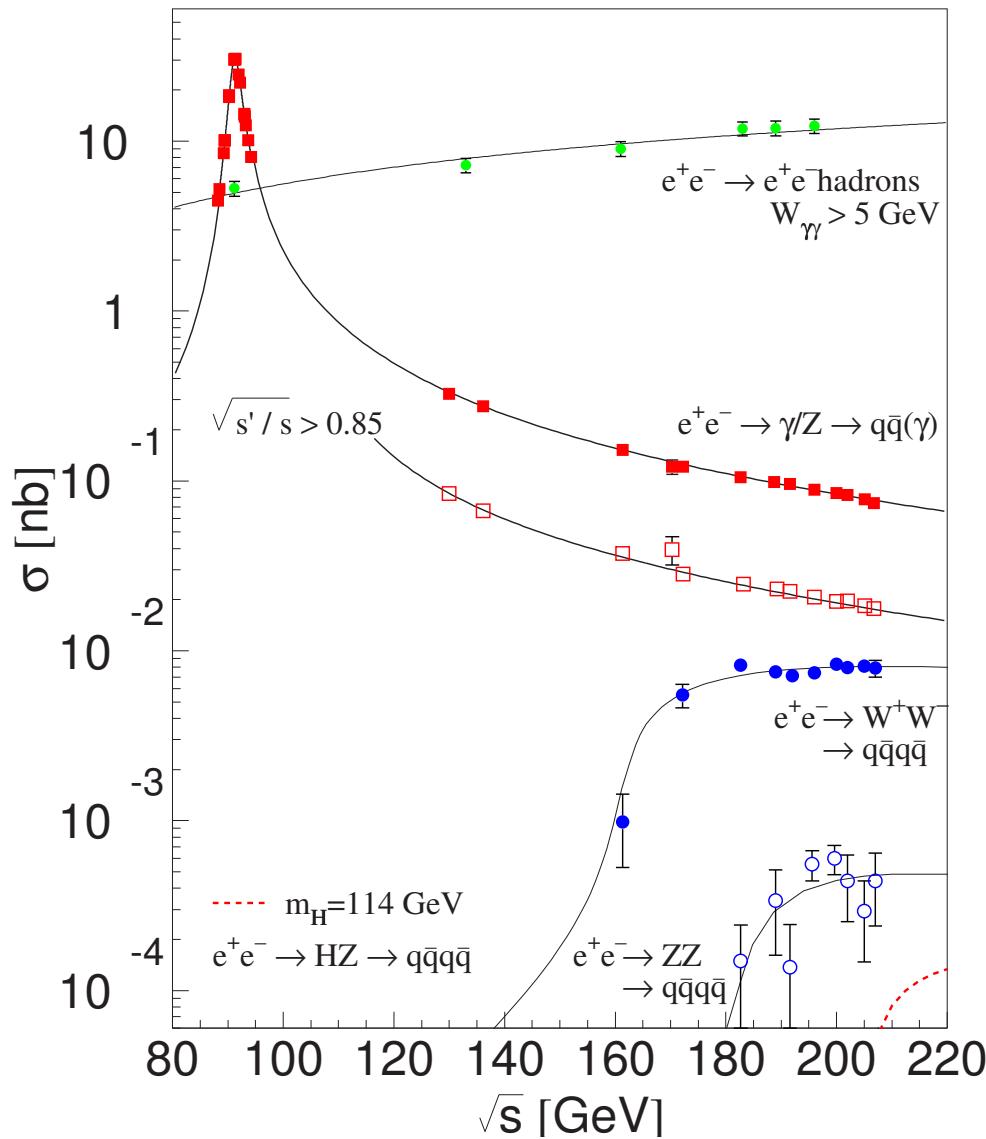
Assuming:

$$\begin{aligned}\sqrt{s} &= 207 \text{ GeV} \\ \mathcal{L} &= 500 \text{ pb}^{-1} \\ \varepsilon &= 50 \% \end{aligned}$$

Expected signal events for a $m_H = 115$ GeV Higgs:

4-jet	= 6.5
missing energy	= 1.9
taus	= 1.0
leptons (e+μ)	= 0.6
All channels	= 10

Background from Standard Model processes



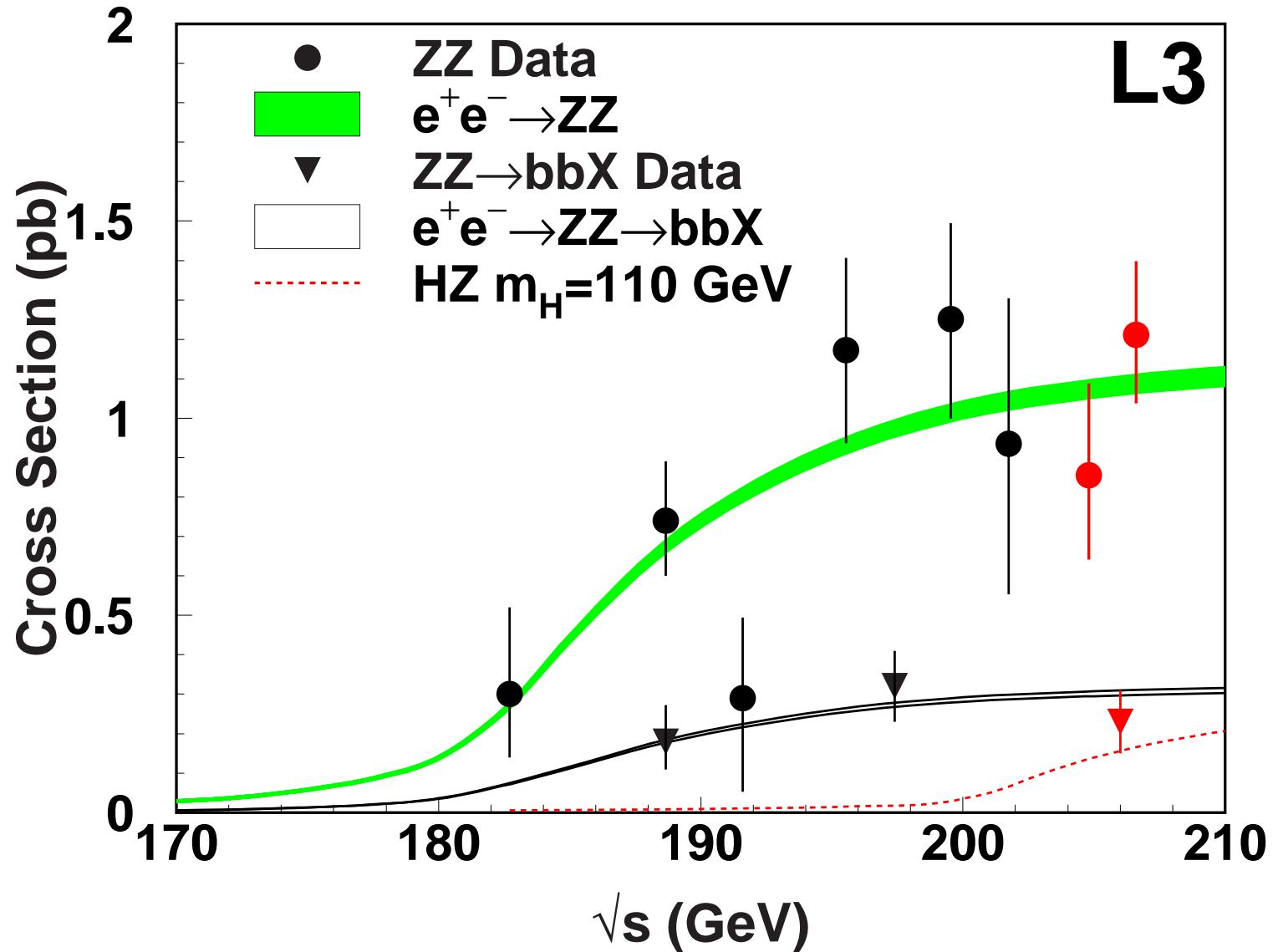
The main backgrounds are:

$e^+e^- \rightarrow q\bar{q}(\gamma)$, W^+W^- and ZZ

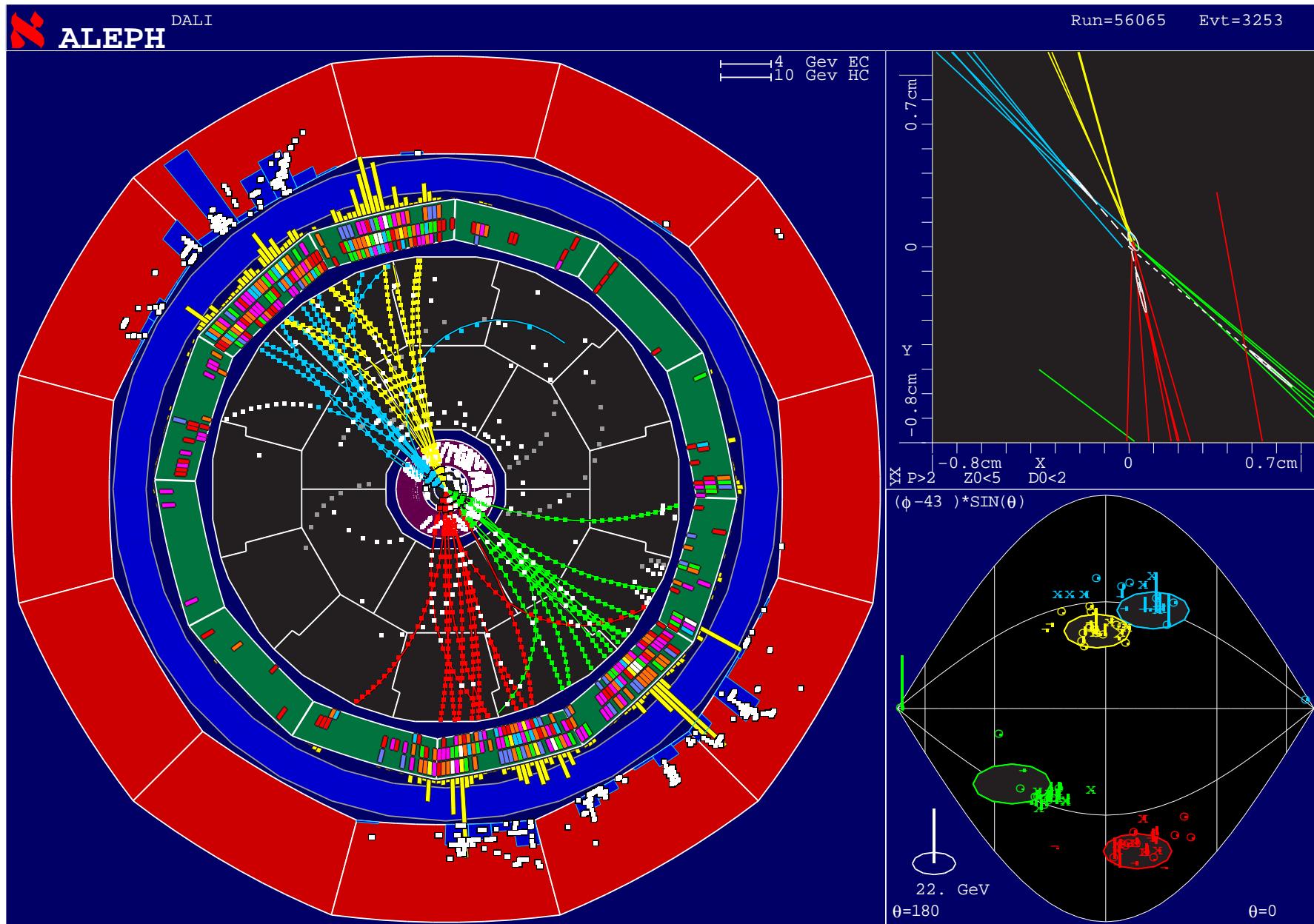
B-tagging is essential

Few hundred background events expected

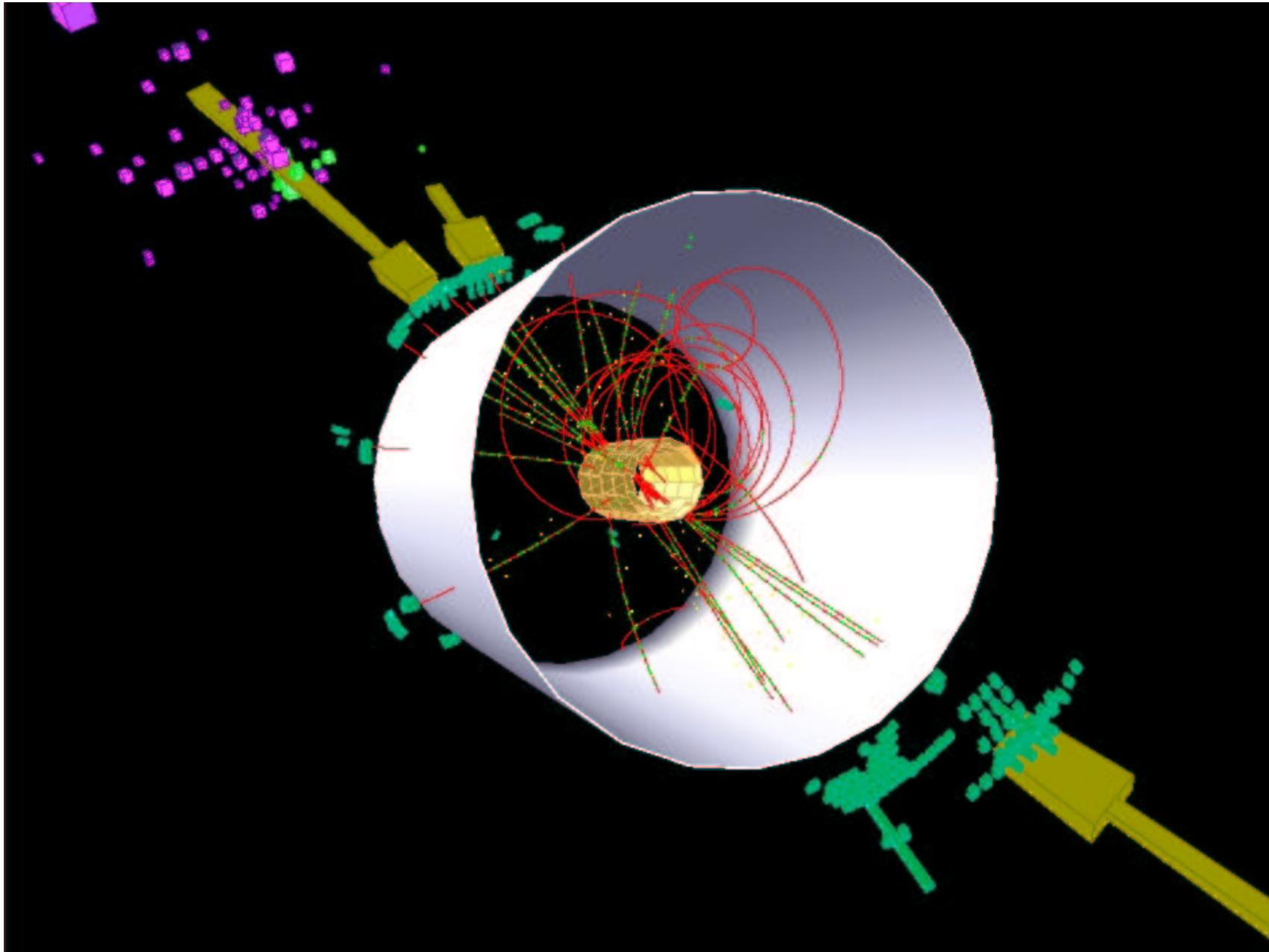
Selection of ZZ events



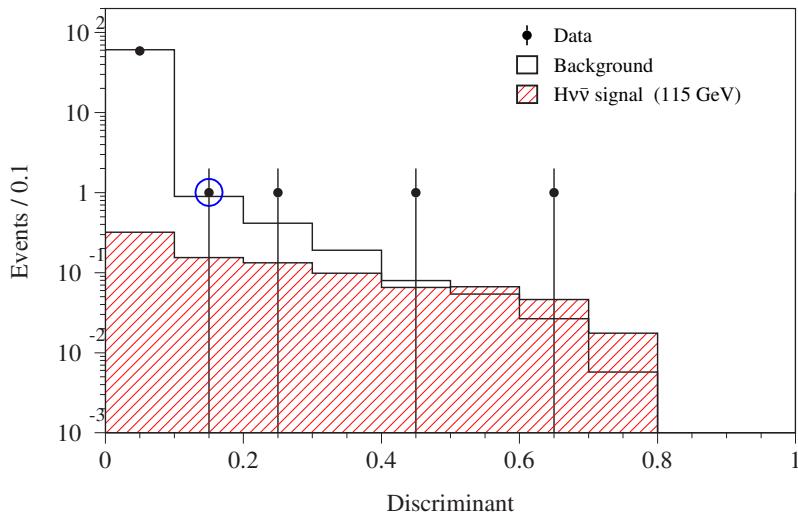
A typical Hq \bar{q} event



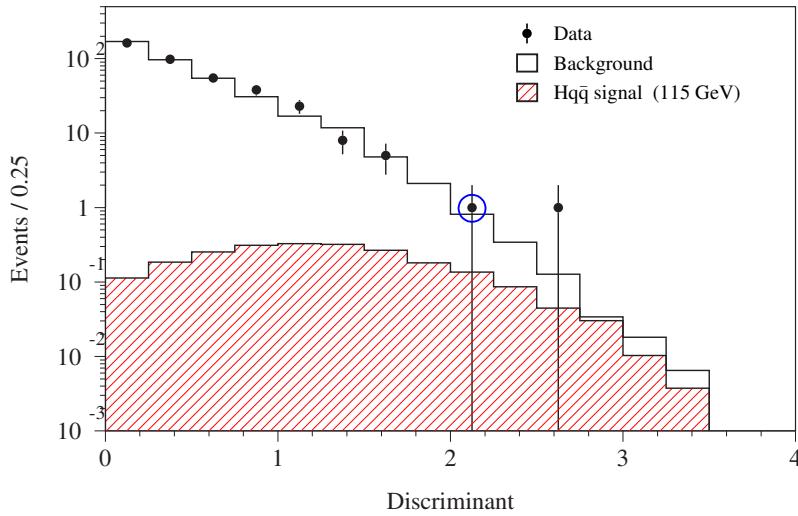
A tipical $H\nu\bar{\nu}$ event



Combination of channels



Combine channels with equal s/b ratio

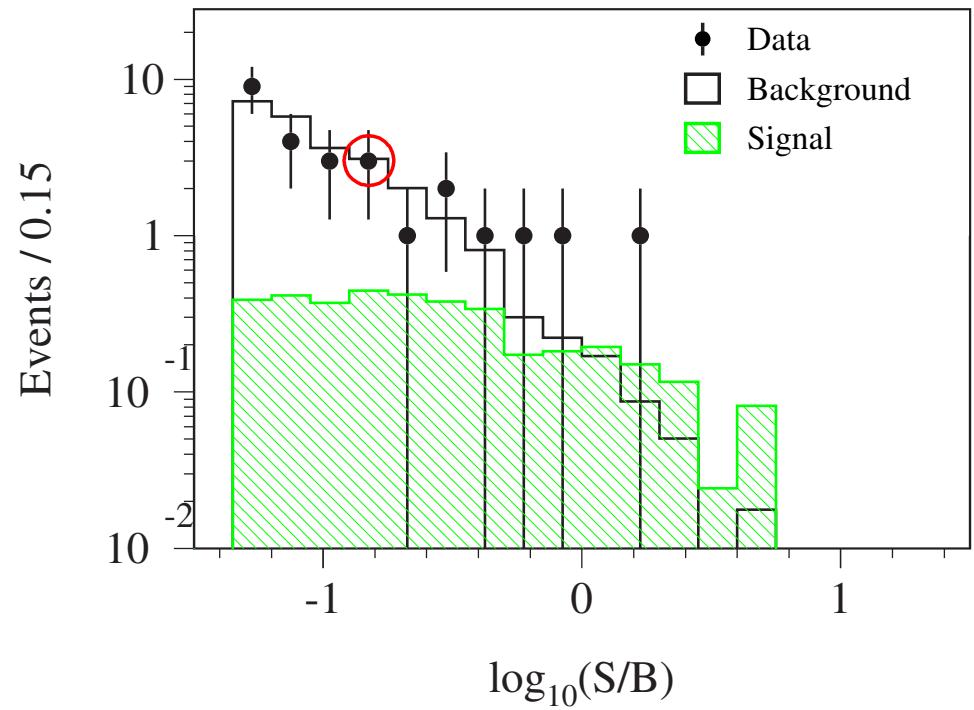


LEP treated as a single analysis:

4 experiments \times 4 channels \times 15 beam energies

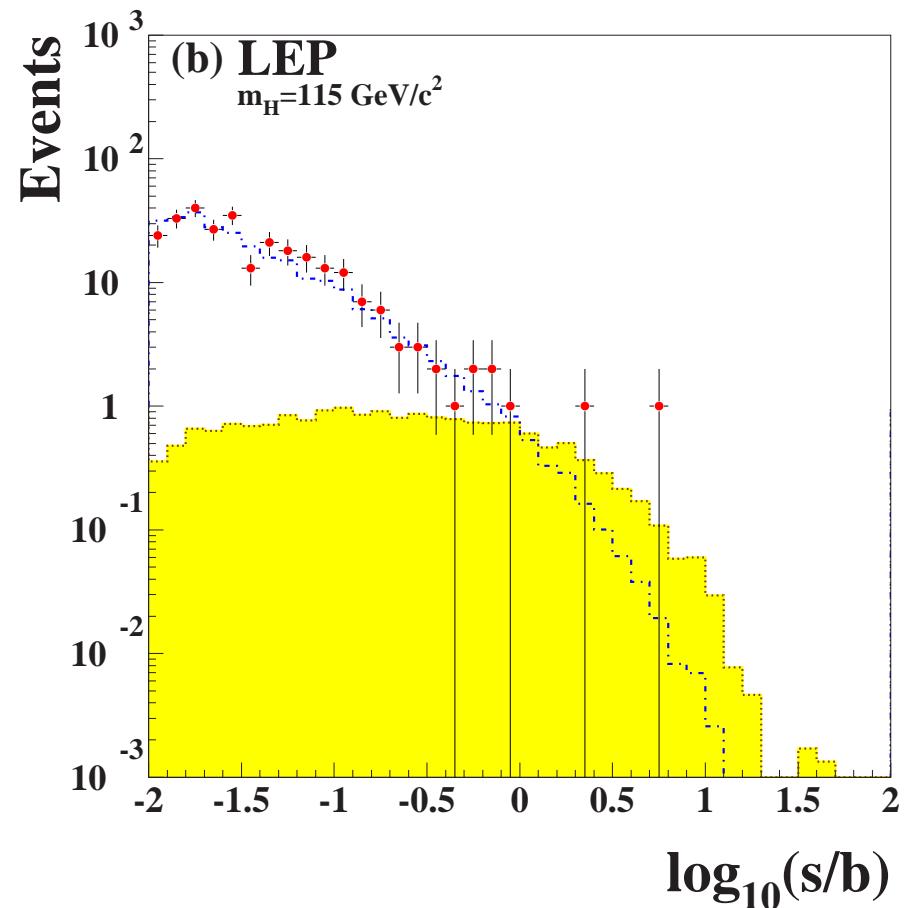
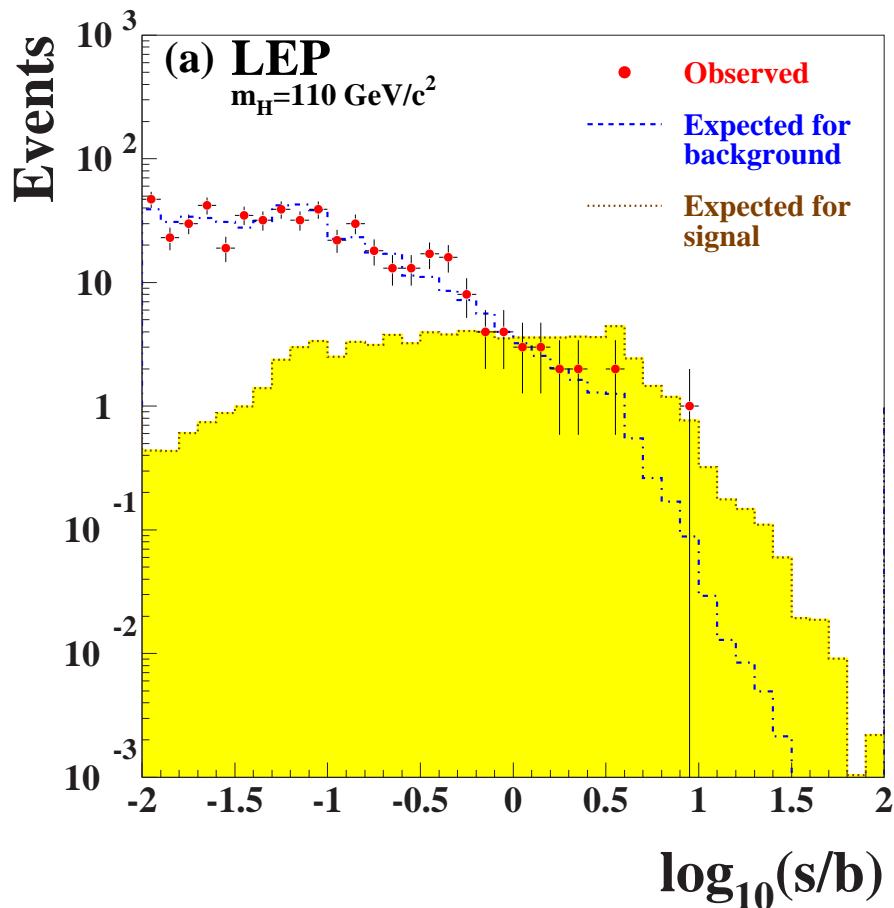
=

240 analyses combined



The shape of the distributions depends on the Higgs mass hypothesis !

LEP combined s/b distribution



Some events at high values of s/b for $m_H = 115 \text{ GeV}$

Likelihood Ratio test-statistic:

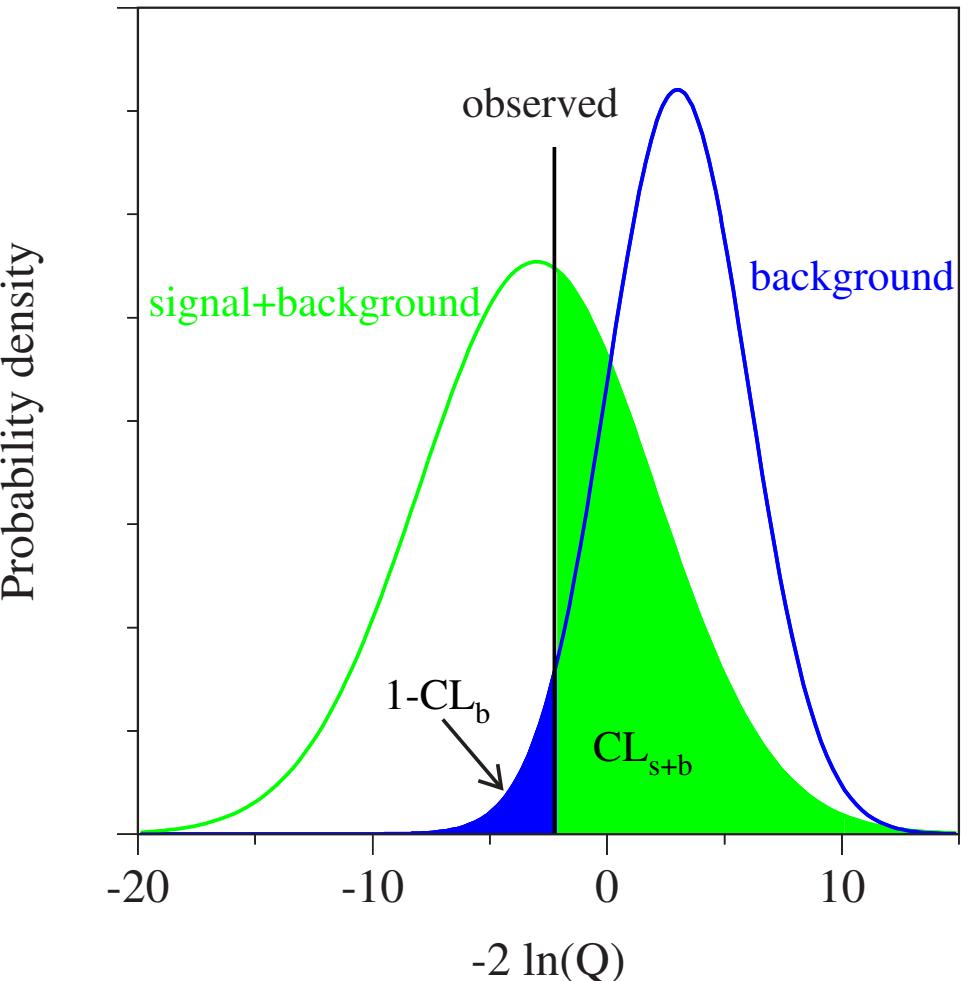
$$Q = \frac{\mathcal{L}(s+b)}{\mathcal{L}(b)}$$

Each bin (i) in the final variable is treated
as a Poisson counting experiment:

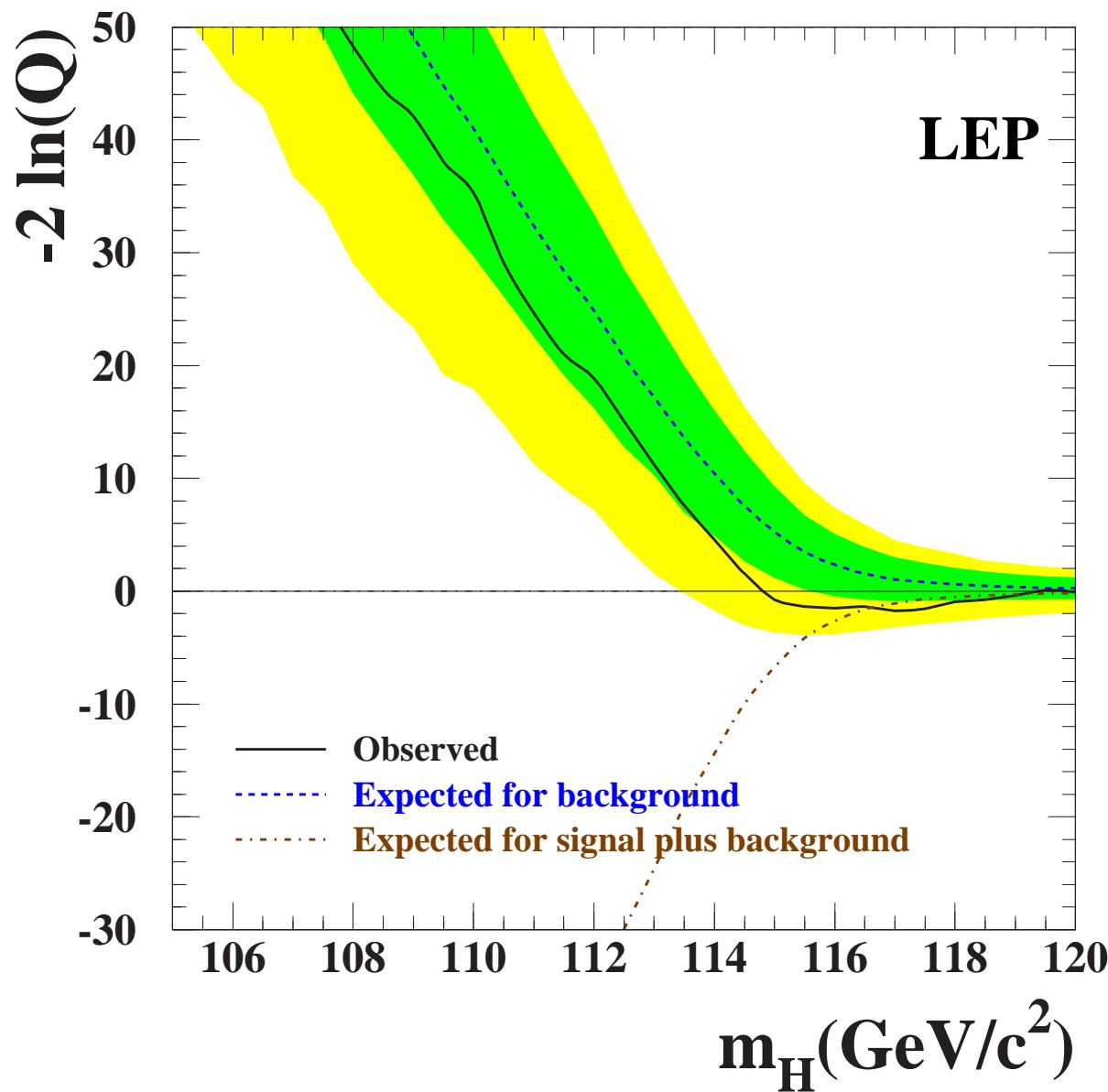
$$\ln(Q) = -s_{tot} + \sum_{i=1}^N n_i \ln \left(1 + \frac{s_i}{b_i} \right)$$

In the high statistics limit:

$$-2 \ln(Q) \rightarrow \Delta \chi^2$$

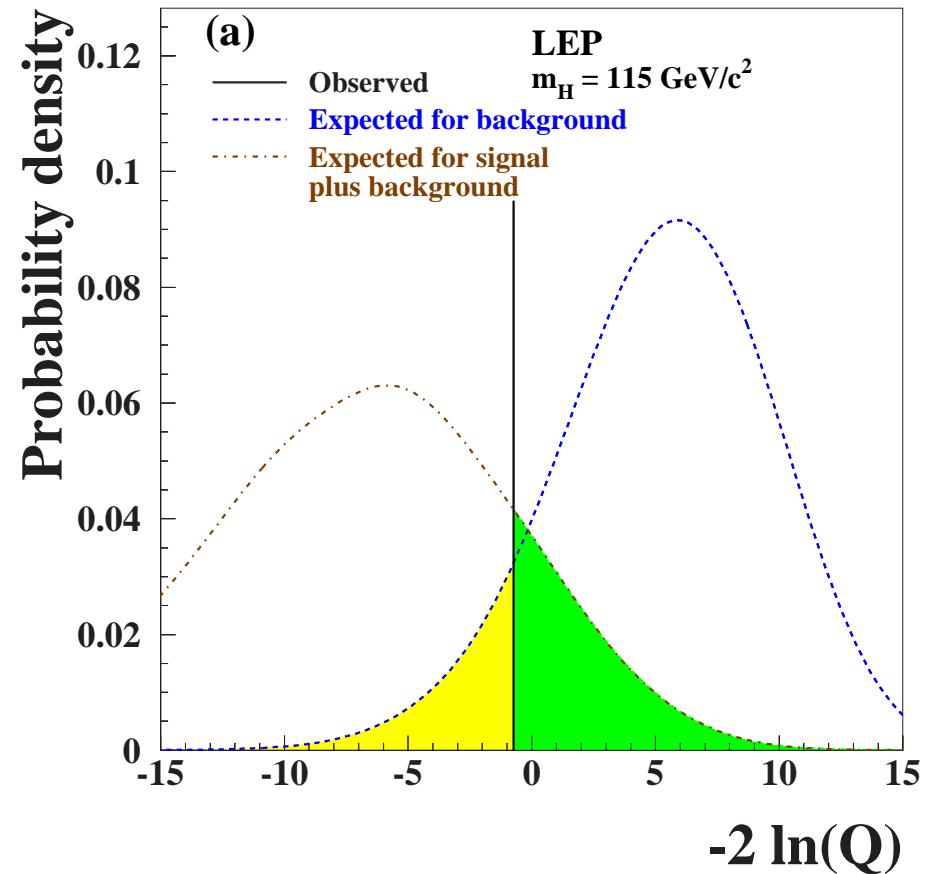
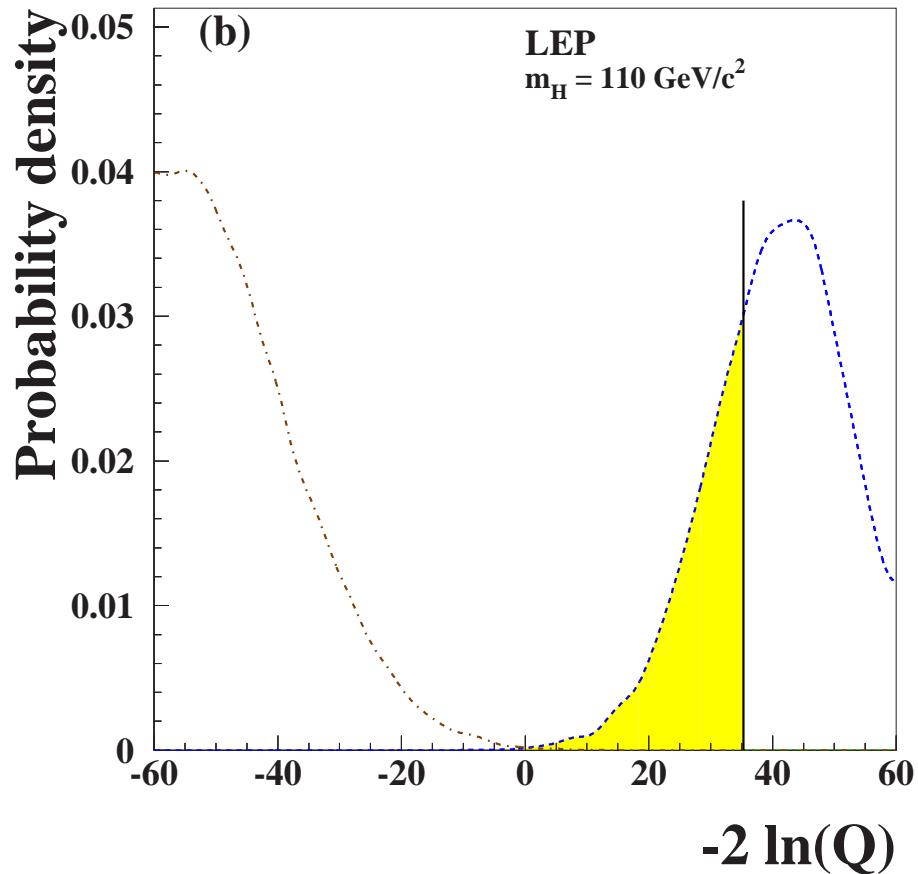


LEP combined $-2\ln(Q)$



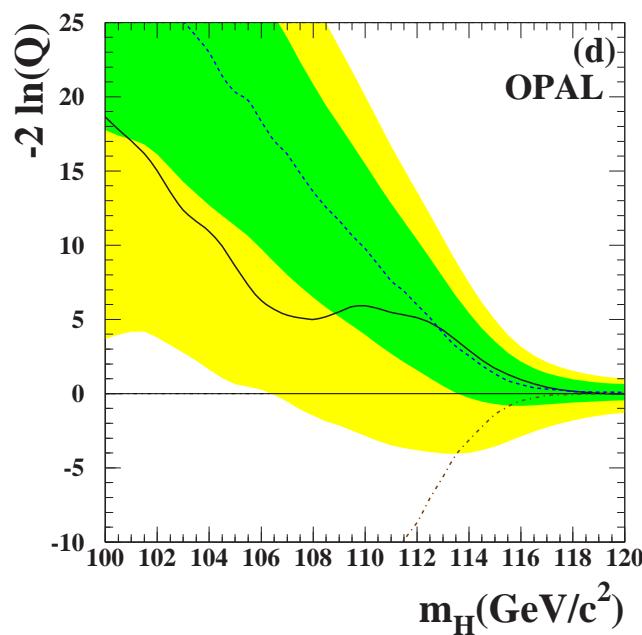
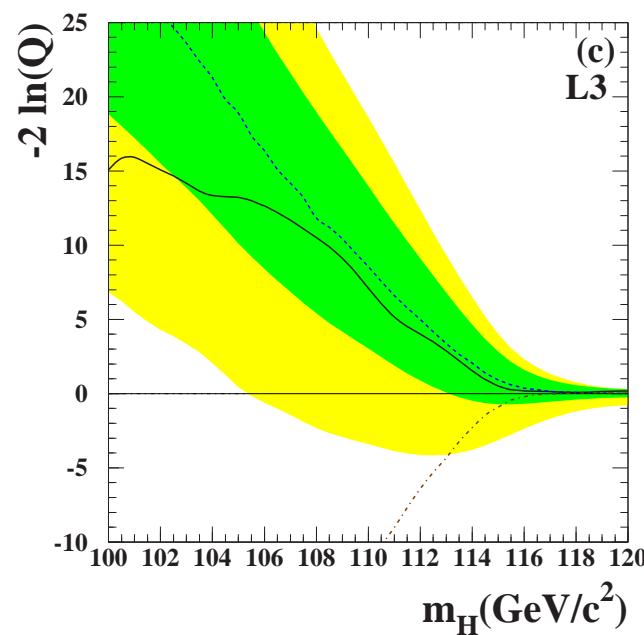
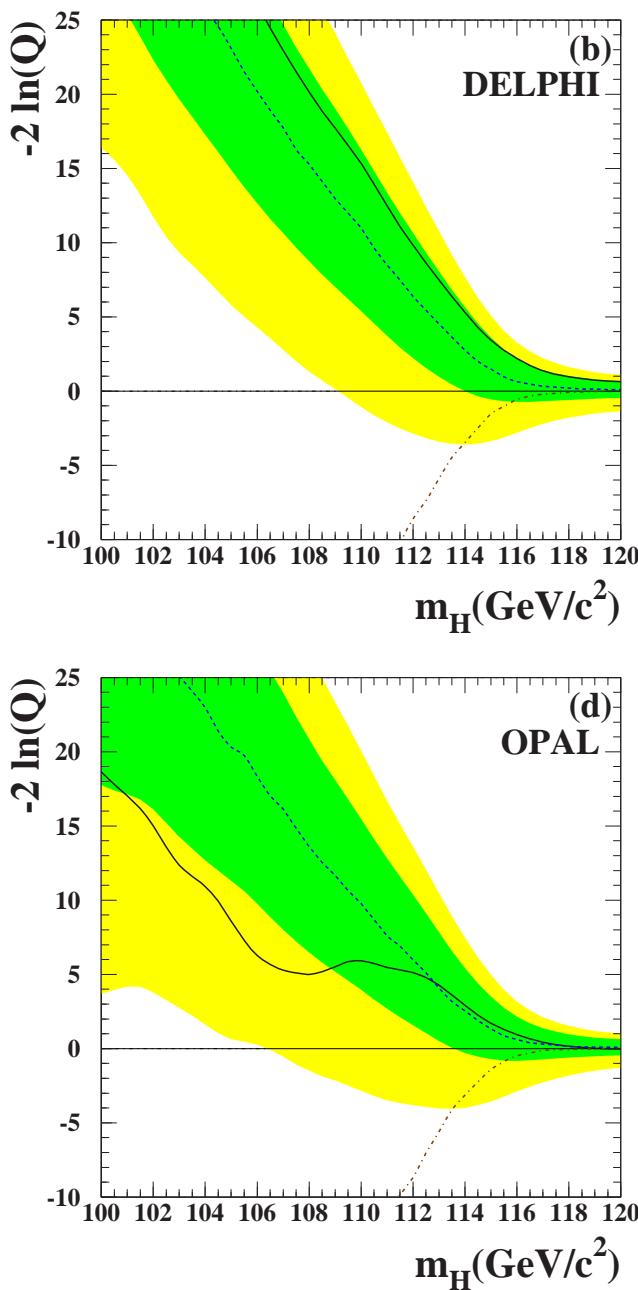
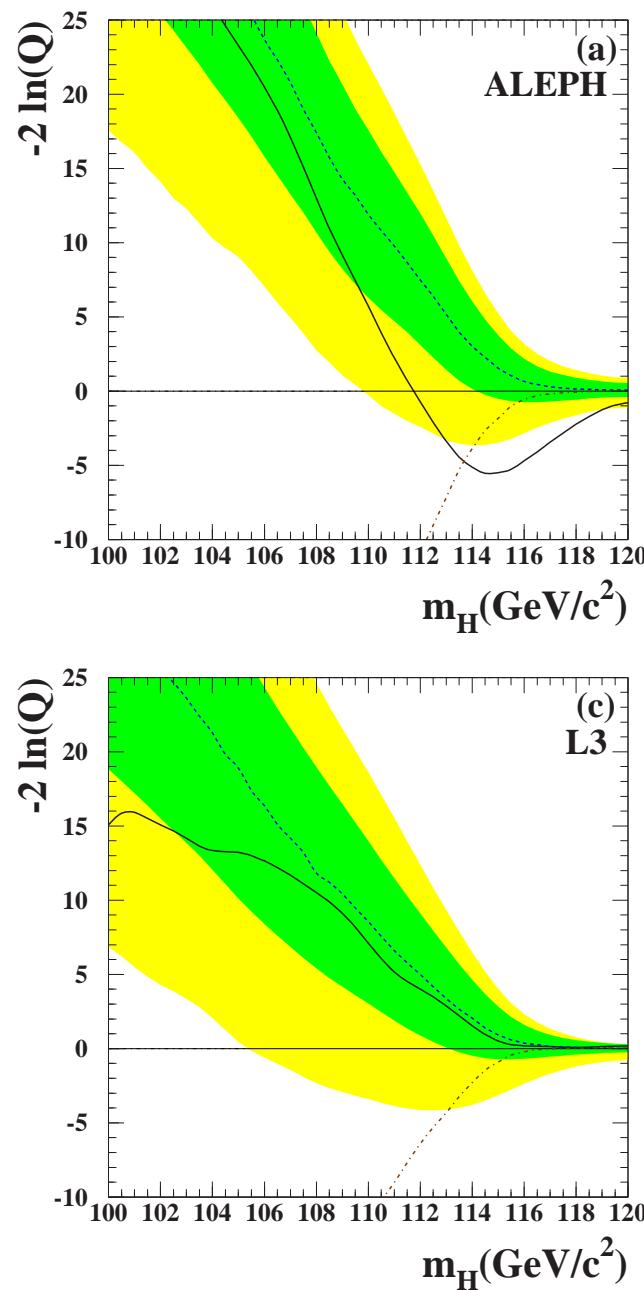
Background-like
below 114 GeV

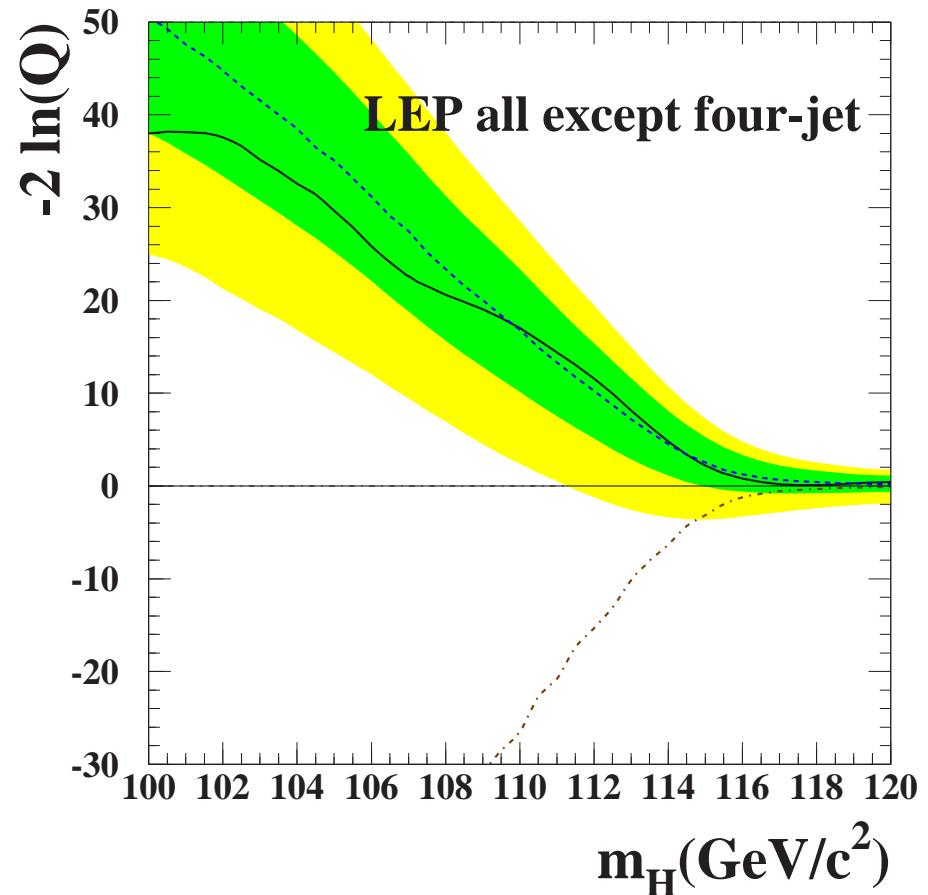
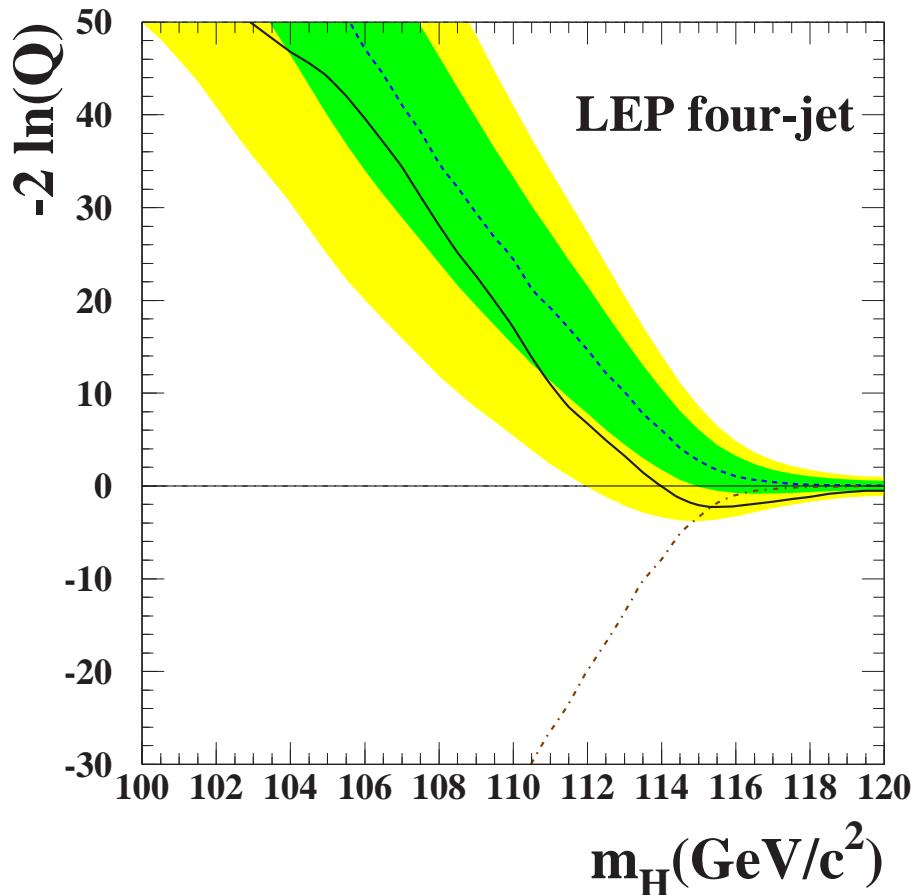
Slight excess around
115-117 GeV



Significant discriminating power of the combined LEP data for $m_H = 110 \text{ GeV}$, which is rapidly decreasing for higher masses.

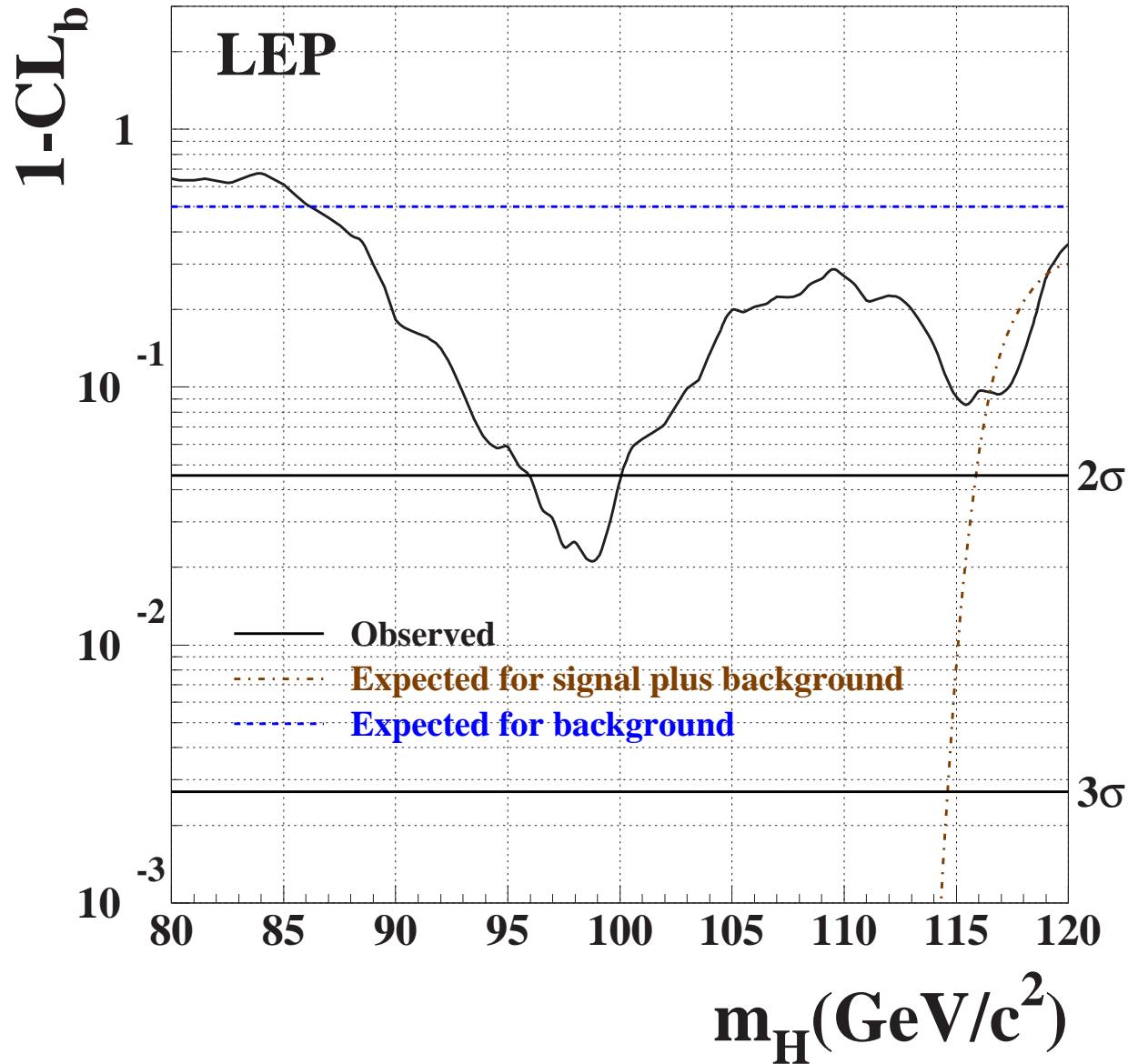
-2 $\ln(Q)$ per experiment





The excess is concentrated on the 4-jet channel

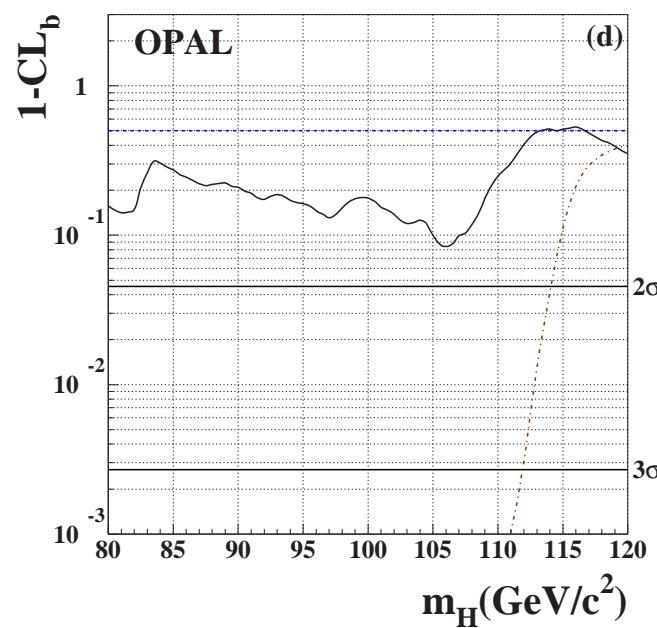
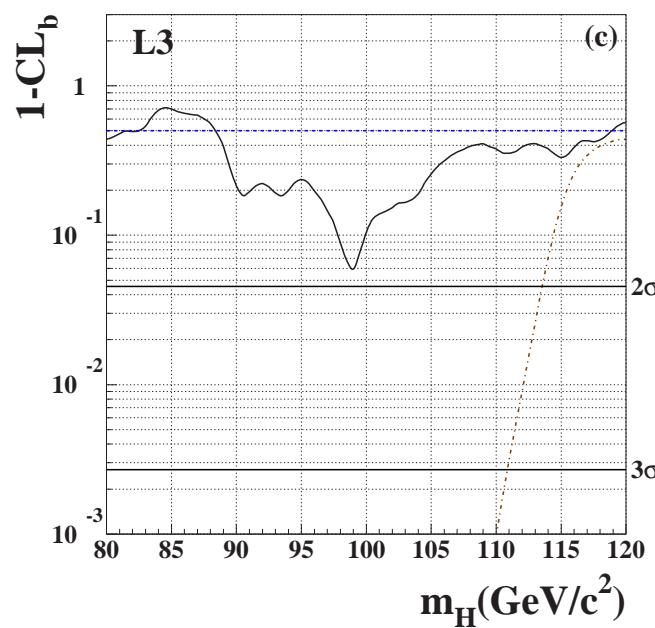
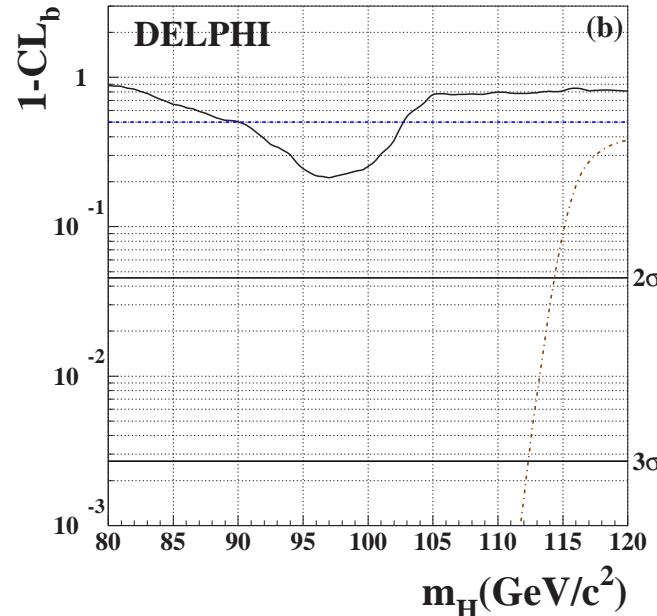
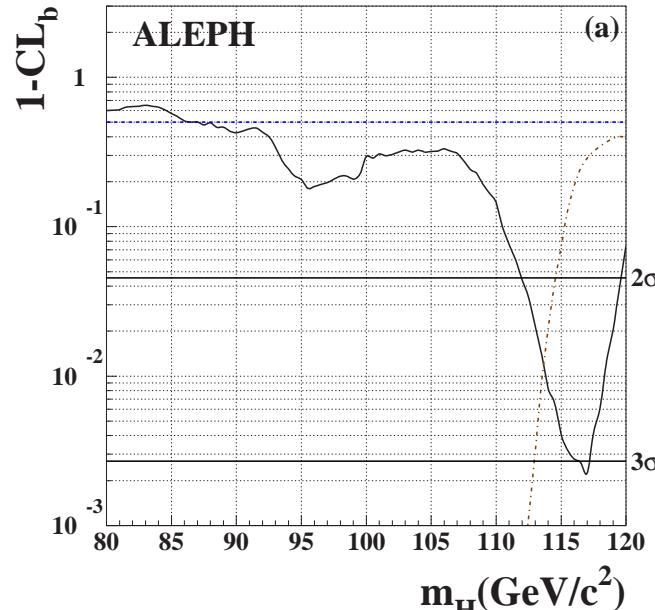
Compatibility with the background

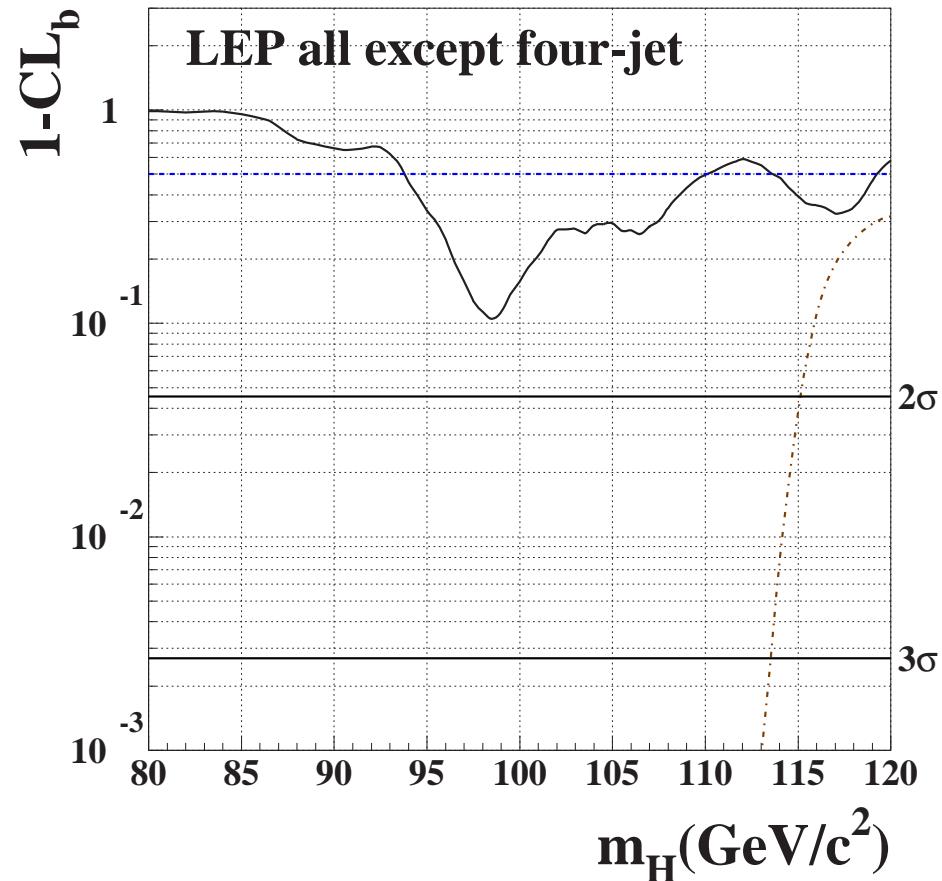
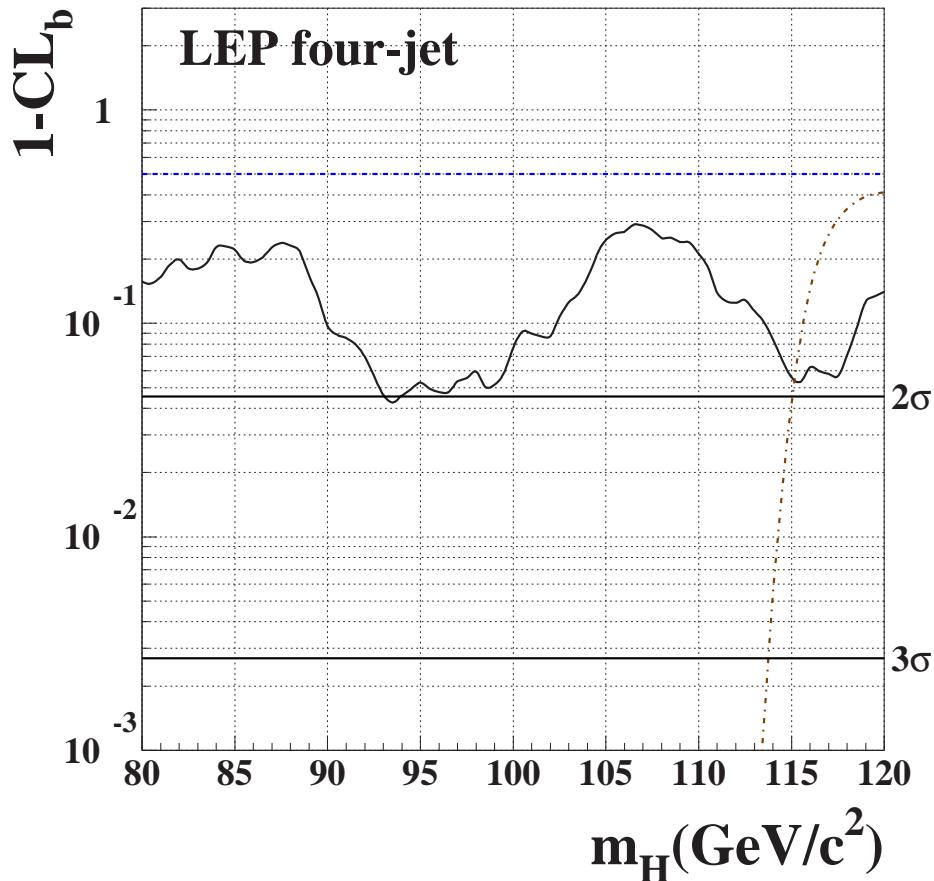


Excess around 95-100 GeV
irrelevant for SM Higgs
but maybe not for MSSM

Slight excess around
115-117 GeV

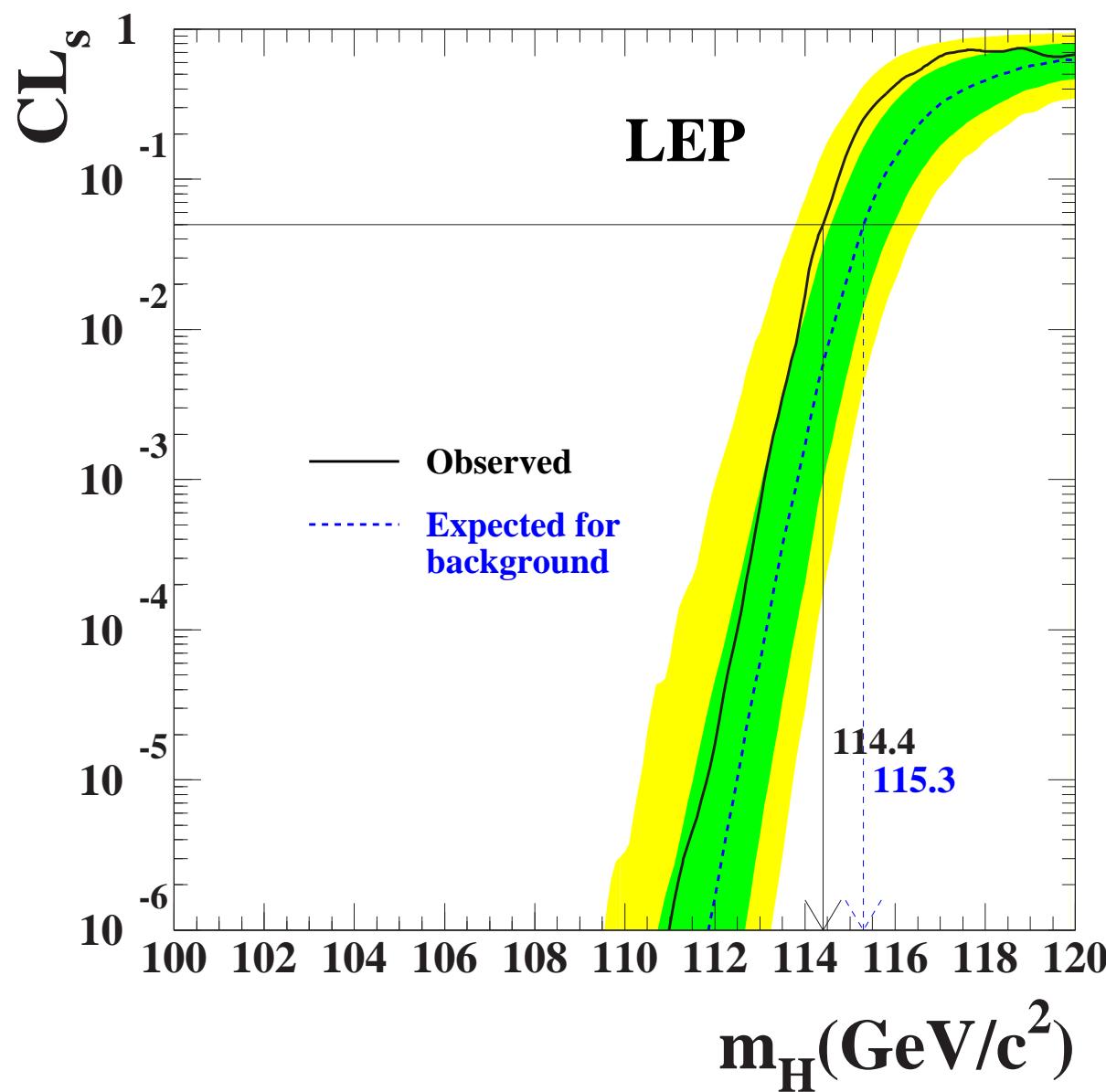
1 – CL_b per experiment





The excess around 95-100 GeV is not restricted to the 4jet channel !!

Limit on the Higgs mass



No evidence for a
SH Higgs signal

Mass limits at
95% confidence level

Observed 114.4 GeV
Expected 115.3 GeV

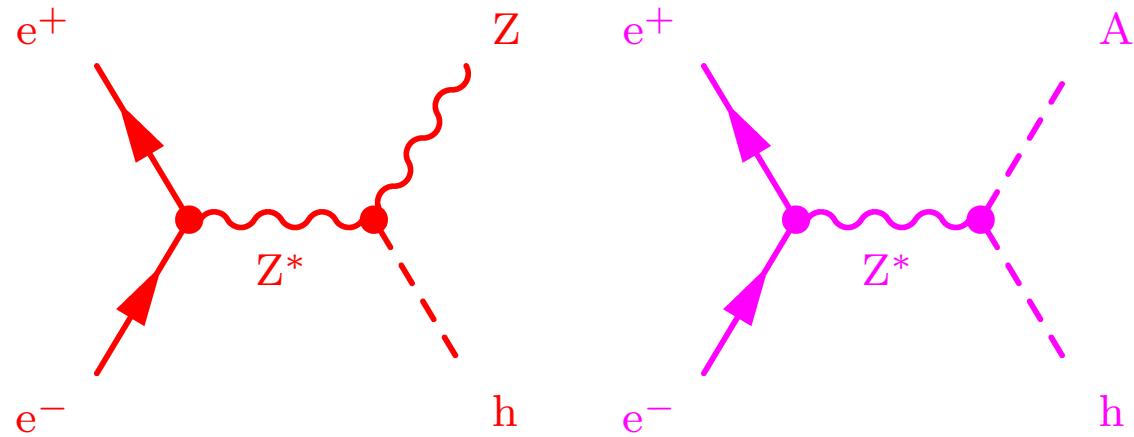
The Higgs sector of the MSSM



Two Higgs doublets. CP conservation is assumed.

Physical Higgs bosons: **h** and **H** (CP-even), **A** (CP-odd) and **H[±]**

Processes at LEP: $e^+e^- \rightarrow Z h$ ($\sigma \sim \sin^2(\beta - \alpha)$) $e^+e^- \rightarrow hA$ ($\sigma \sim \cos^2(\beta - \alpha)$)



Almost the same analyses as for the SM Higgs (some new channels)

The same combination procedure and statistical method.

Test for MSSM Higgs using constrained model: M_{SUSY} , M_2 , μ , A , $\tan \beta$, m_A , $m_{\tilde{g}}$

- no-mixing scenario: no mixing between scalar partners of t_L and t_R

$$\begin{aligned} M_{\text{SUSY}} &= 1 \text{ TeV}, M_2 = 100 \text{ GeV}, \mu = -200 \text{ GeV}, \\ X_t &\equiv A - \mu \cot \beta = 0, 0.4 < \tan \beta < 50 \\ 4 \text{ GeV} &< m_A < 1 \text{ TeV}, m_{\tilde{g}} = 800 \text{ GeV} \end{aligned}$$

- m_h^{\max} scenario: yield maximal value of m_h in the model

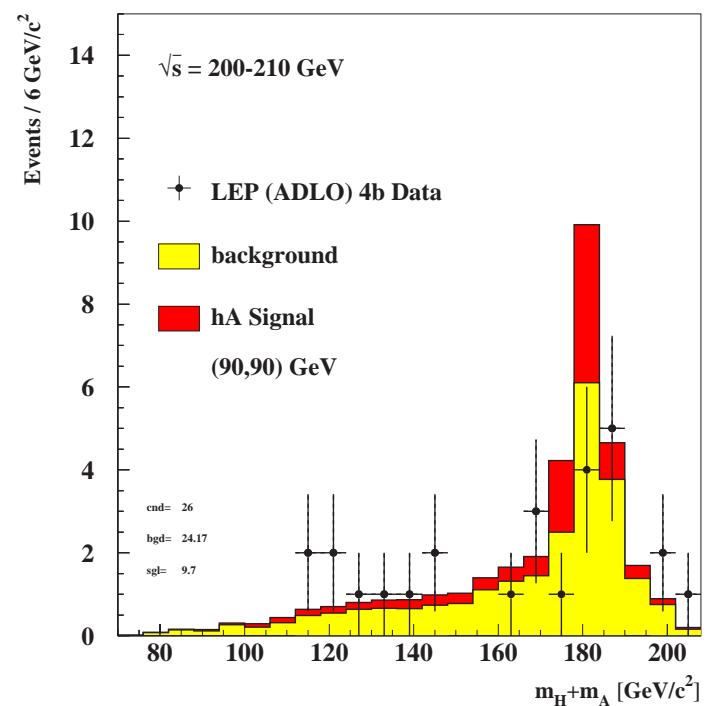
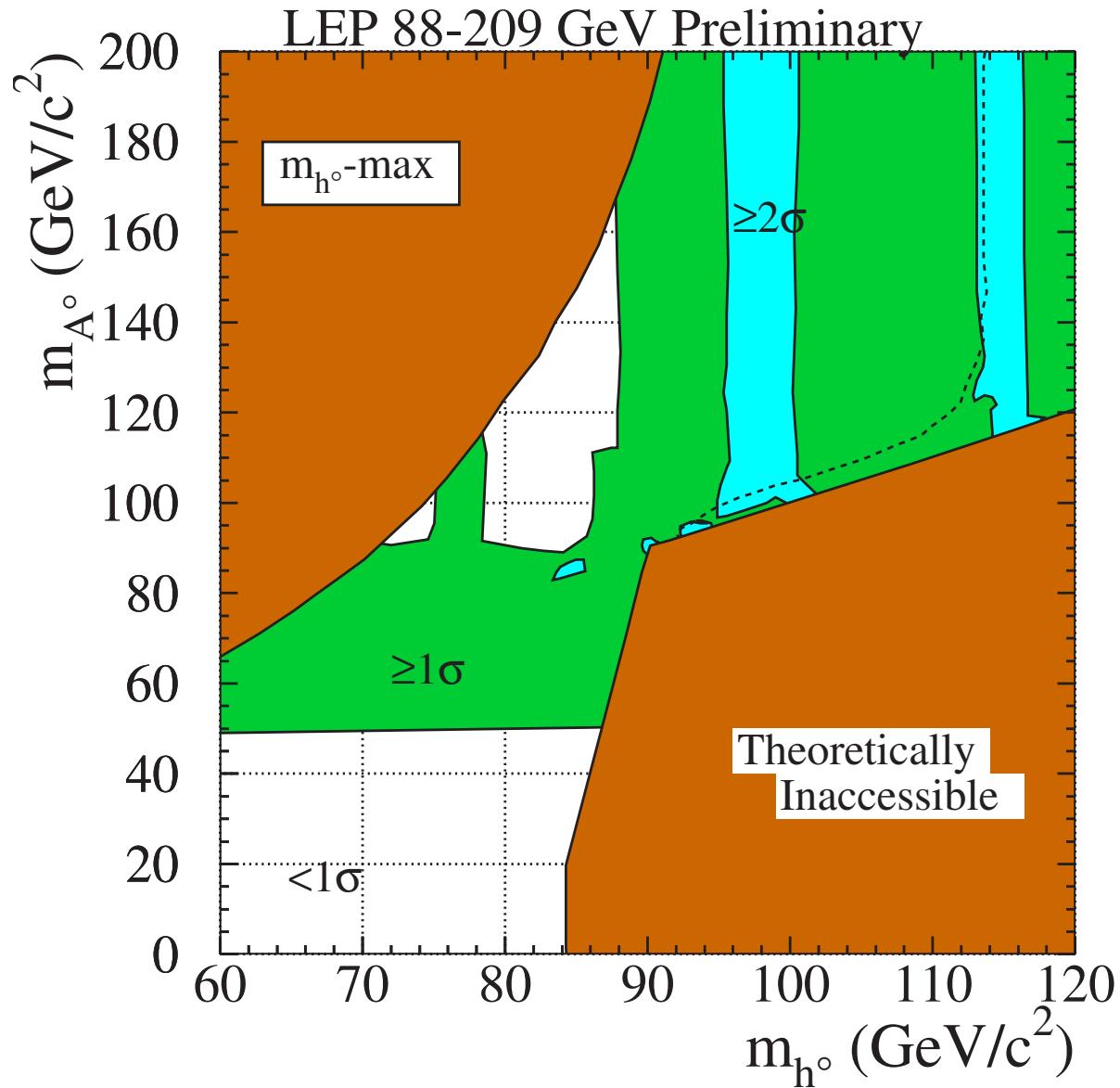
same parameters as “no-mixing” except $X_t = 2 M_{\text{SUSY}}$, $\tan \beta < 30$

most conservative range of excluded $\tan \beta$ for fixed values of m_t , M_{SUSY}

- large μ scenario: the Higgs boson h does not decay in b quark pairs

$$\begin{aligned} M_{\text{SUSY}} &= 400 \text{ GeV}, M_2 = 400 \text{ GeV}, \mu = 1 \text{ TeV}, \\ X_t &= -300 \text{ GeV}, 4 \text{ GeV} < m_A < 400 \text{ TeV}, m_{\tilde{g}} = 200 \text{ GeV} \end{aligned}$$

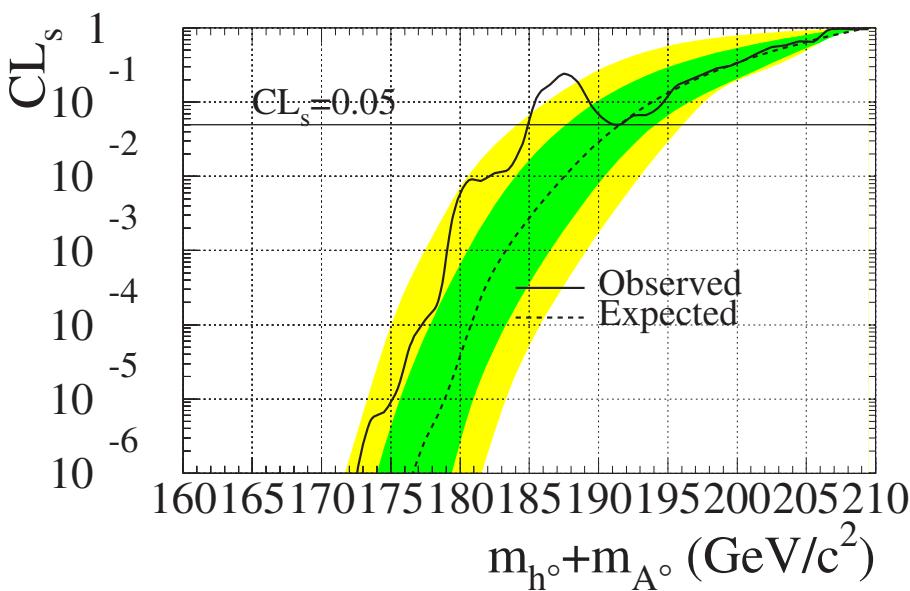
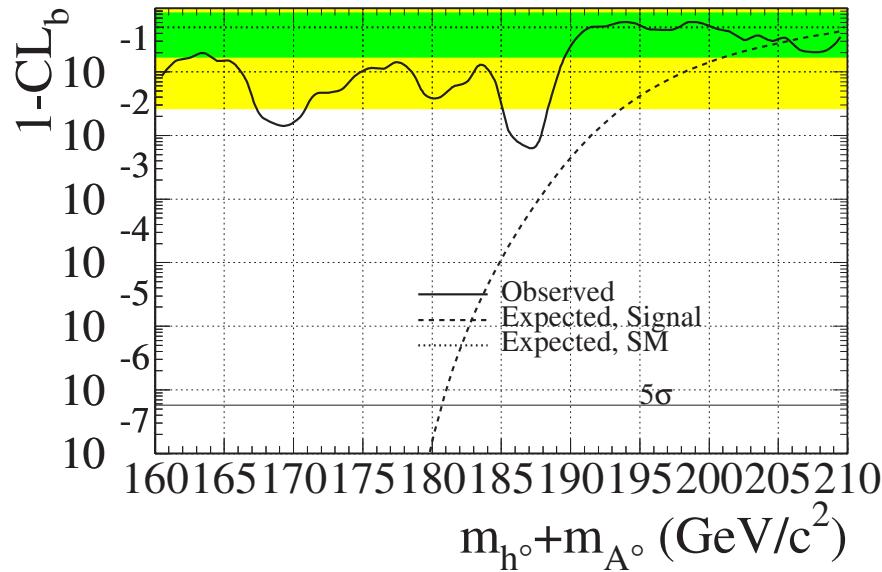
CL_b in the (m_h, m_A) plane



1 – CL_b and CL_s for $m_h \approx m_A$

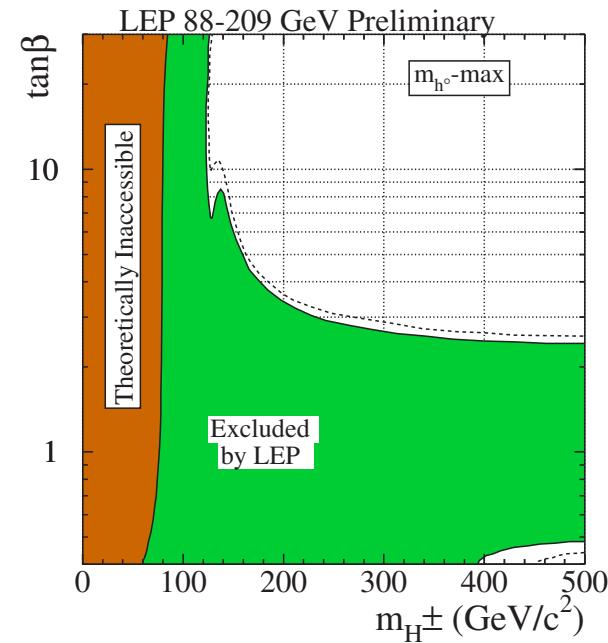
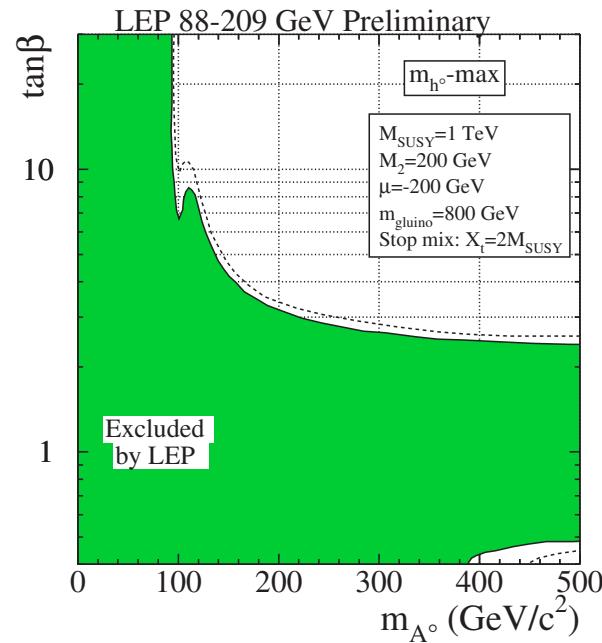
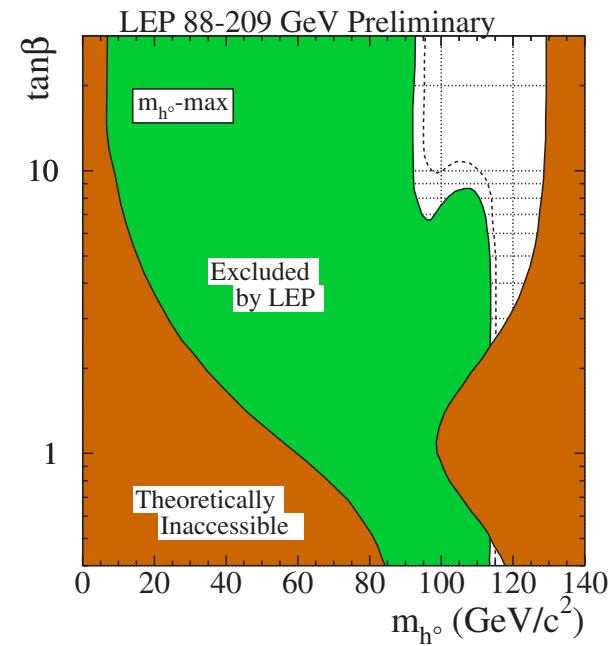
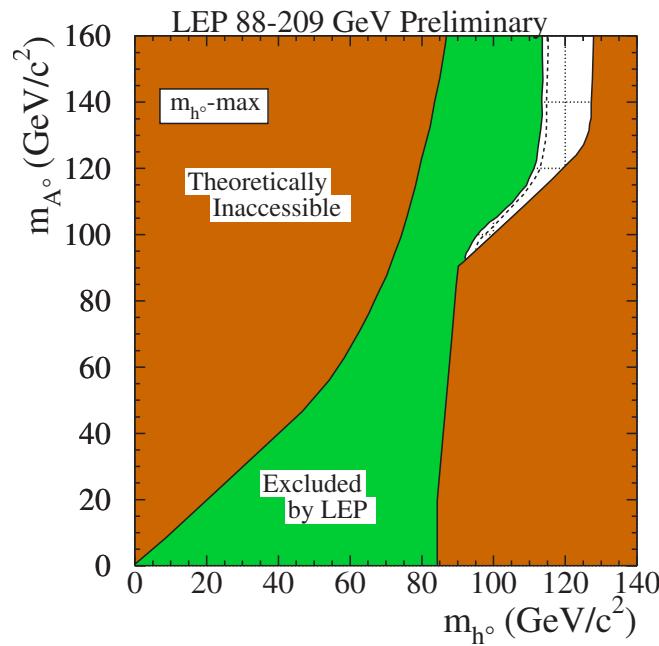


LEP 88-209 GeV Preliminary



**2σ excess at $m_h \approx 97 \text{ GeV}$
mainly due to data taken at 189 GeV**

Exclusion for the m_h° -max scenario



- m_h^{\max} scenario:

$m_h > 91.0$ GeV (94.6 GeV)

$m_A > 91.9$ GeV (95.0 GeV)

$0.5 < \tan\beta < 2.4$ for $m_t \leq 174.3$ GeV

($0.5 < \tan\beta < 2.6$)

- no-mixing scenario:

$m_h > 91.5$ GeV (95.0 GeV)

$m_A > 92.2$ GeV (95.3 GeV)

$0.7 < \tan\beta < 10.5$

($0.8 < \tan\beta < 16$)

Scalar-quark search at LEP energies is relevant as the scalar top could be the LSP partner of all SM fermions

Previous results assume the LSP is the lightest neutralino, yielding an absolute limit of $m_{\tilde{t}} < 63$ GeV (95% CL)

This limit does not apply if LSP is the gluino or the scalar quark (LSP or “sufficiently” stable)

The topology of the signal events (missing energy) differ from that in the standard SUSY searches (LSP=neutralino)

Search for missing energy and for stable heavy charged particles are well suited for the search of squarks and gluinos:

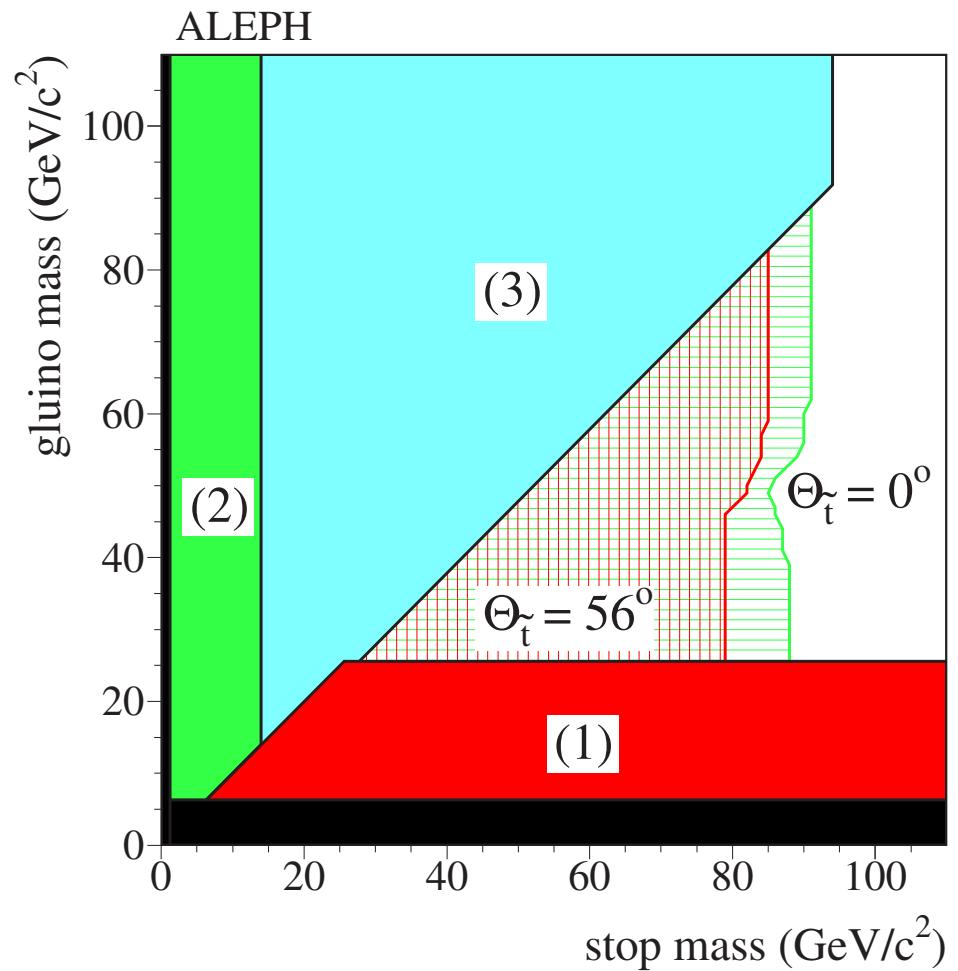
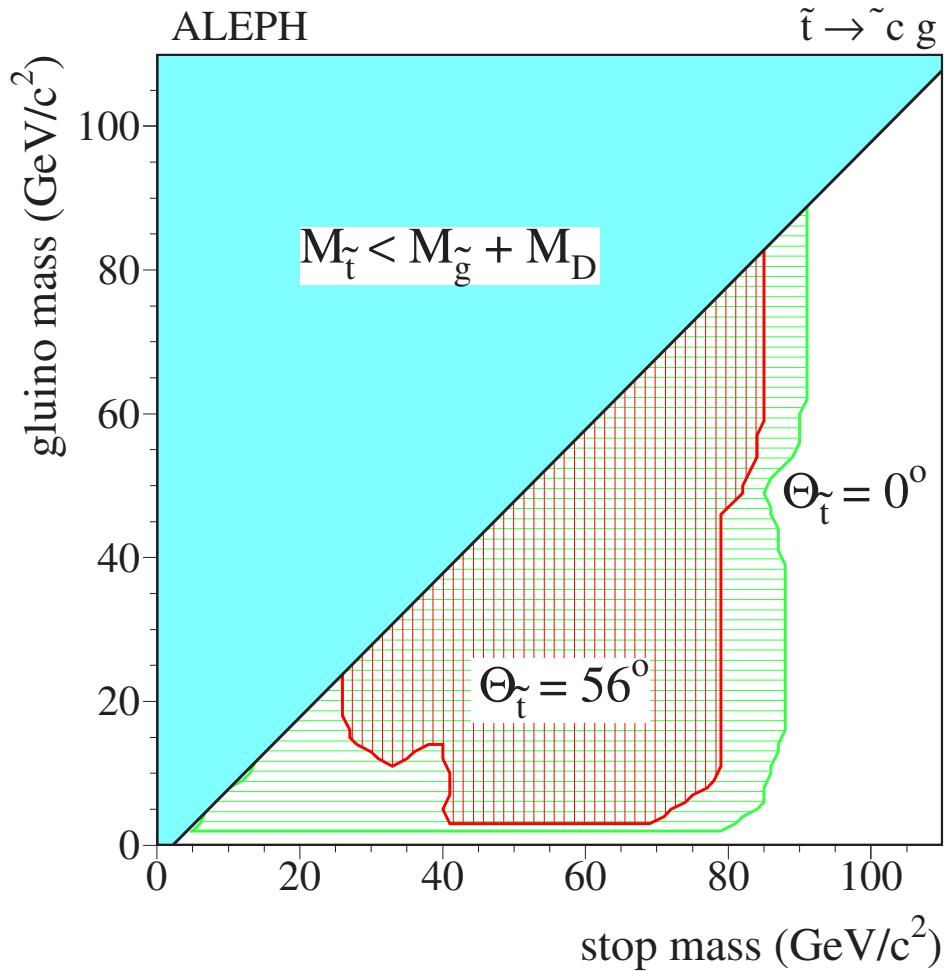
- $e^+e^- \rightarrow q\bar{q}\tilde{g}\tilde{g}$, with a gluon splitting into a pair of stable gluinos (LEP1)
- $e^+e^- \rightarrow q\bar{q}\tilde{q}\bar{\tilde{q}}$, with a gluon splitting into a pair of stable squarks (LEP1)
- pair production of stable squarks $e^+e^- \rightarrow \tilde{t}\bar{\tilde{t}}$ and $\tilde{b}\bar{\tilde{b}}$ (LEP2)
- pair production of scalar top decaying in stable gluinos,
 $e^+e^- \rightarrow \tilde{t}\bar{\tilde{t}} \rightarrow c\tilde{g}\bar{c}\tilde{g}$ (LEP2)

Cover all possible configurations in the plane ($m_{\tilde{g}}, m_{\tilde{q}}$) with a squark or a gluino LSP

Exclusion limits on stop and gluino mass plane



The observed events in all the analyses are in agreement with the expectations from standard model processes



- **gluino LSP excluded for $m_{\tilde{g}} < 25.6$ GeV**
- **down-type squark LSP excluded for $m_{\tilde{q}} < 92$ GeV**
- **up-type squark LSP excluded for $m_{\tilde{q}} < 97$ GeV**
- **if LSP is a gluino, sbottom NLSP excluded for $m_{\tilde{b}} < 26$ GeV**
- **if LSP is a gluino, stop NLSP excluded for $m_{\tilde{t}} < 78$ GeV
otherwise $m_{\tilde{t}} < 63$ GeV**

These limits apply in any supersymmetric model
in which squarks and gluinos are long-lived

- $M_{Pl} \sim 10^{19}$ GeV $\gg m_{ew} \sim 10^2$ GeV
- Standard Model tested at $1/m_{ew}$
- Gravity far from being tested at $1/M_{Pl}$

Arkani-Hamed et al. PLB 544 (1988) 263

- The scale of Gravity, M_S , is of order m_{ew}
- There are n extra dimensions of size R such that with Gauss' theorem:

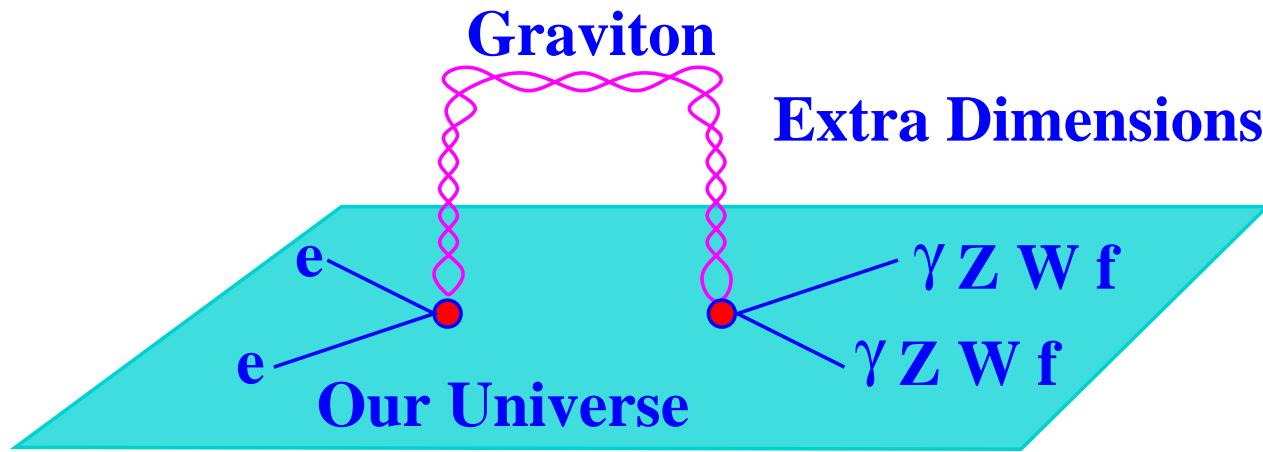
$$M_{Pl}^2 \sim R^n M_S^{n+2}$$

$M_S \sim 1$ TeV $n = 1$ $R \sim$ Solar System

$M_S \sim 1$ TeV $n = 2$ $R \sim 1$ mm

Low Scale Gravity

Spin 2 gravitons propagate in these extra dimensions interacting with Standard Model particles in our four ones



$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega}(s, t) = \frac{d\sigma^{\text{SM}}}{d\Omega}(s, t) +$$

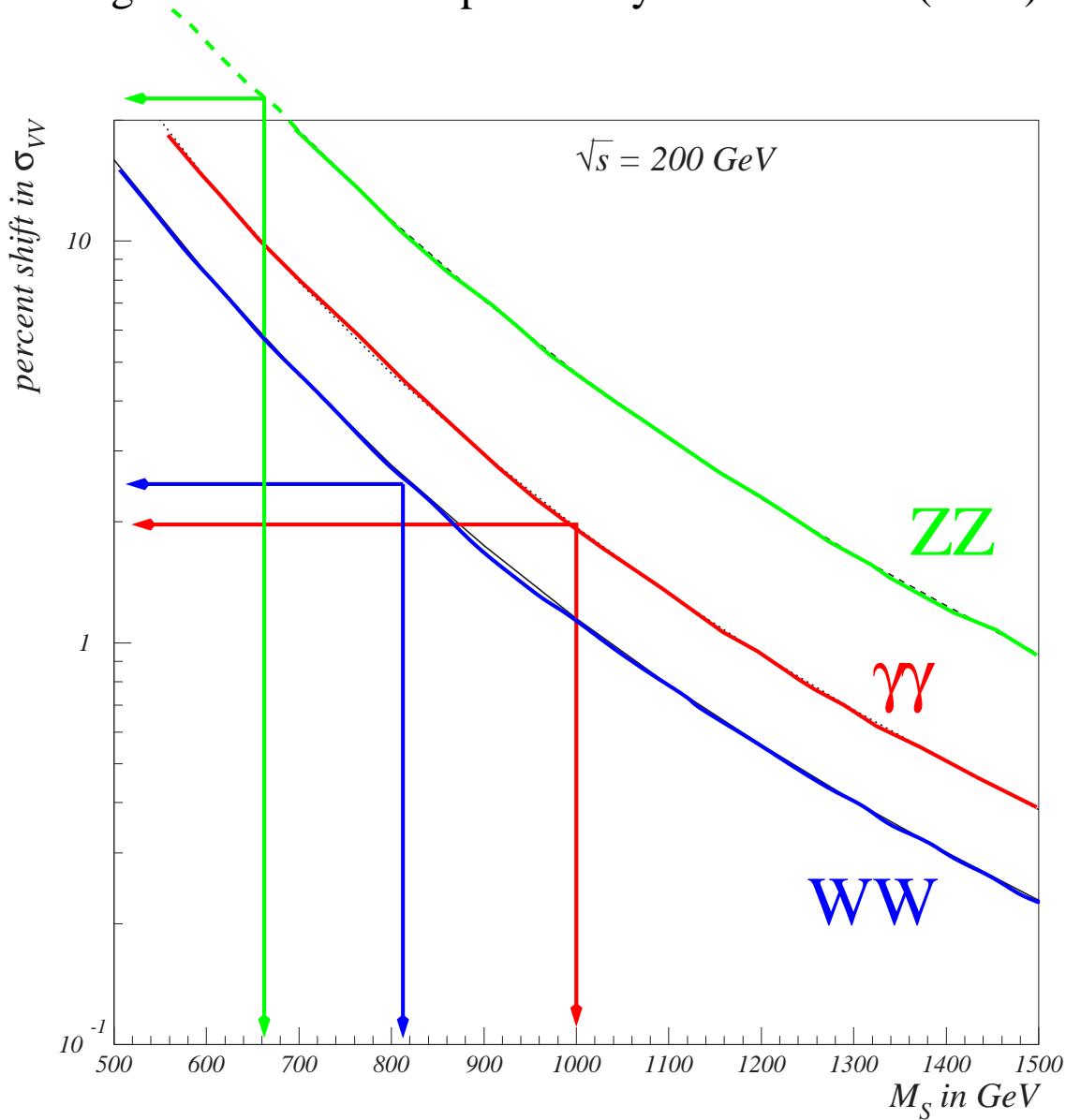
$$+ \frac{\lambda}{M_S^4} \alpha \text{ Interference}(s, t) + \frac{\lambda^2}{M_S^8} \beta \text{ Low Scale Gravity}(s, t)$$

λ depends on the (unknown) full theory, use ± 1 for different signs in interference

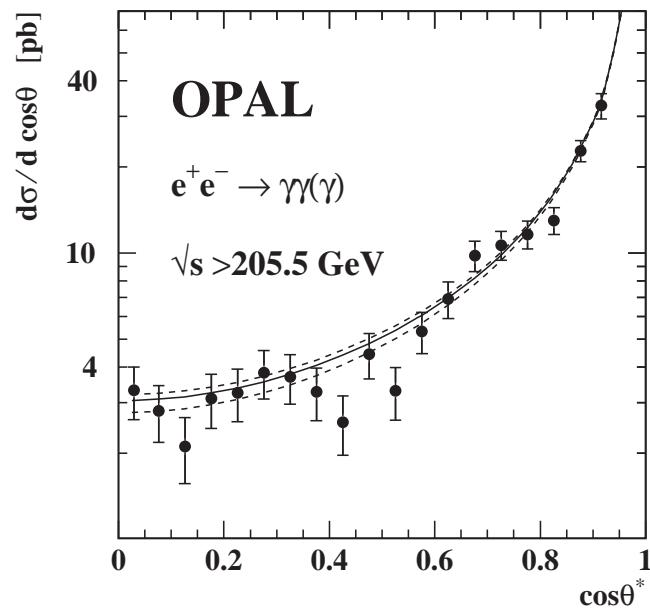
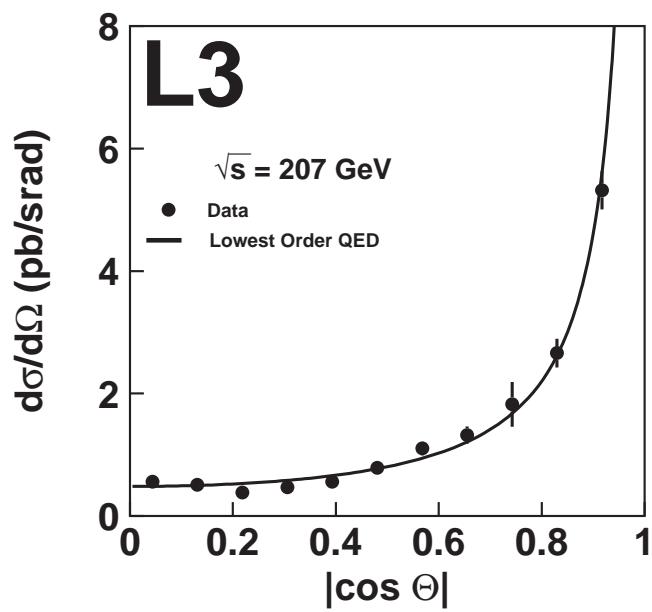
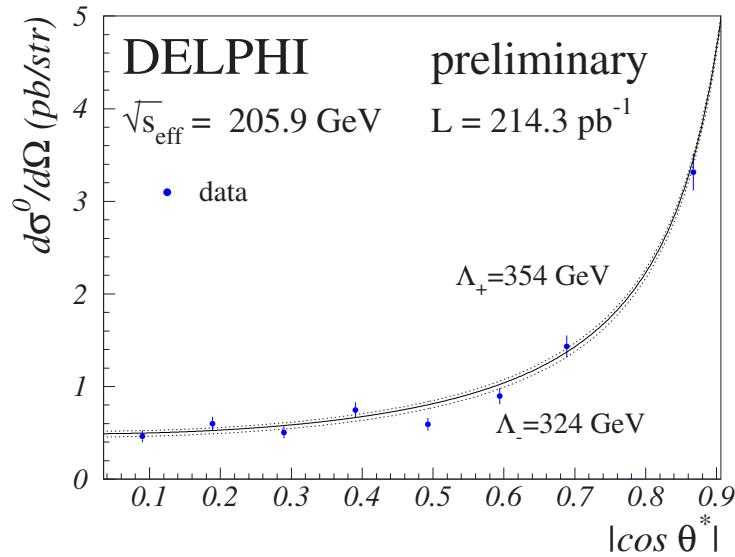
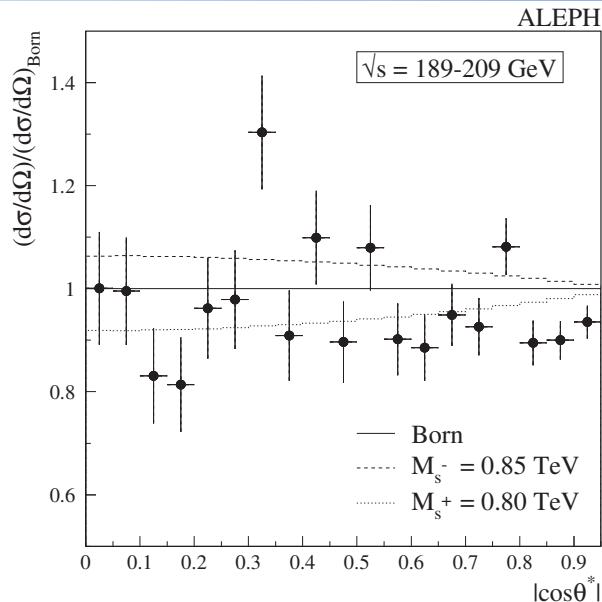
LSG from LEP results



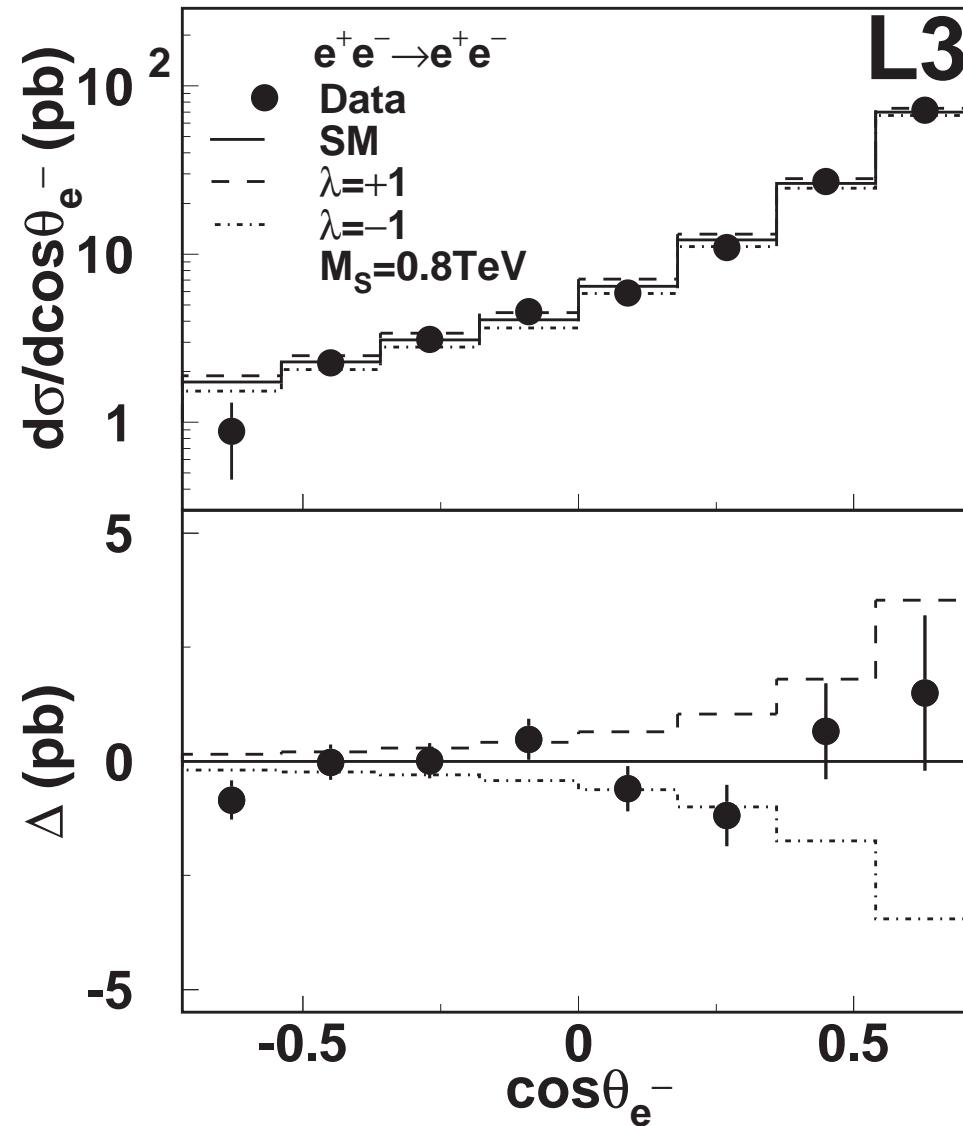
K.Agashe & N.G.Deshpande Phys. Lett. B 465 (1999) 60



The $e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ differential cross section



The $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-$ differential cross section



High sensitivity as large interference with SM t-channel

Extra dimensional conclusion



Combined LEP limit: $M_S > 1 \text{ TeV}$ for $\lambda = \pm 1$

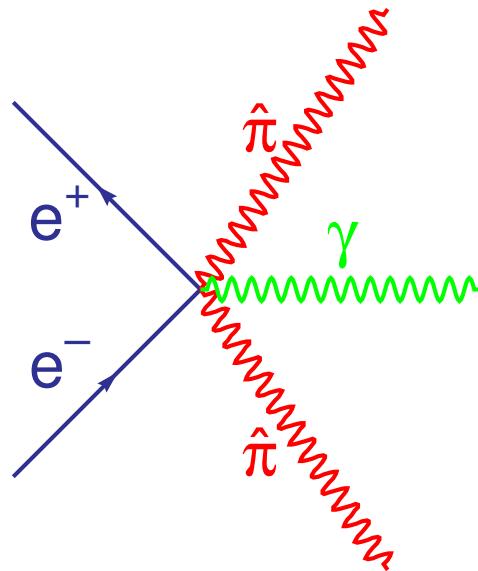
Excluded size of the Extra Dimensions from Exp. Limits (in meters)

REFERENCE SIZES	δ	$\lambda=+1$	$\lambda=-1$
1 light Year $\sim 10^{+16}$	1	$1.7 \times 10^{+13}$	$1.6 \times 10^{+13}$
1 AU = $1.5 \times 10^{+11}$	2	1.7×10^{-3}	1.6×10^{-3}
Typical cell size $\sim 10^{-5}$	3	7.7×10^{-9}	7.5×10^{-9}
DNA Molecule size $\sim 10^{-7}$	4	1.6×10^{-11}	1.6×10^{-11}
Typical Molecule size $\sim 10^{-8}$	5	4.1×10^{-13}	4.1×10^{-13}
Bohr Radius = 0.53×10^{-10}	6	3.5×10^{-14}	3.5×10^{-14}
λ_{COMPTON} of the electron = 3.8×10^{-13}	7	6.1×10^{-15}	6.0×10^{-15}
Typical Nucleus Size $\sim 10^{-14}$			
Proton Size $\sim 2.8 \times 10^{-15}$			
electron or quark size $\sim 10^{-18}$			

A branon $\hat{\pi}$ is a (pseudo-)Goldstone boson, which appears when a higher-dimensional space-time symmetry is spontaneously broken by the presence of a brane. They are kind of new scalar field.

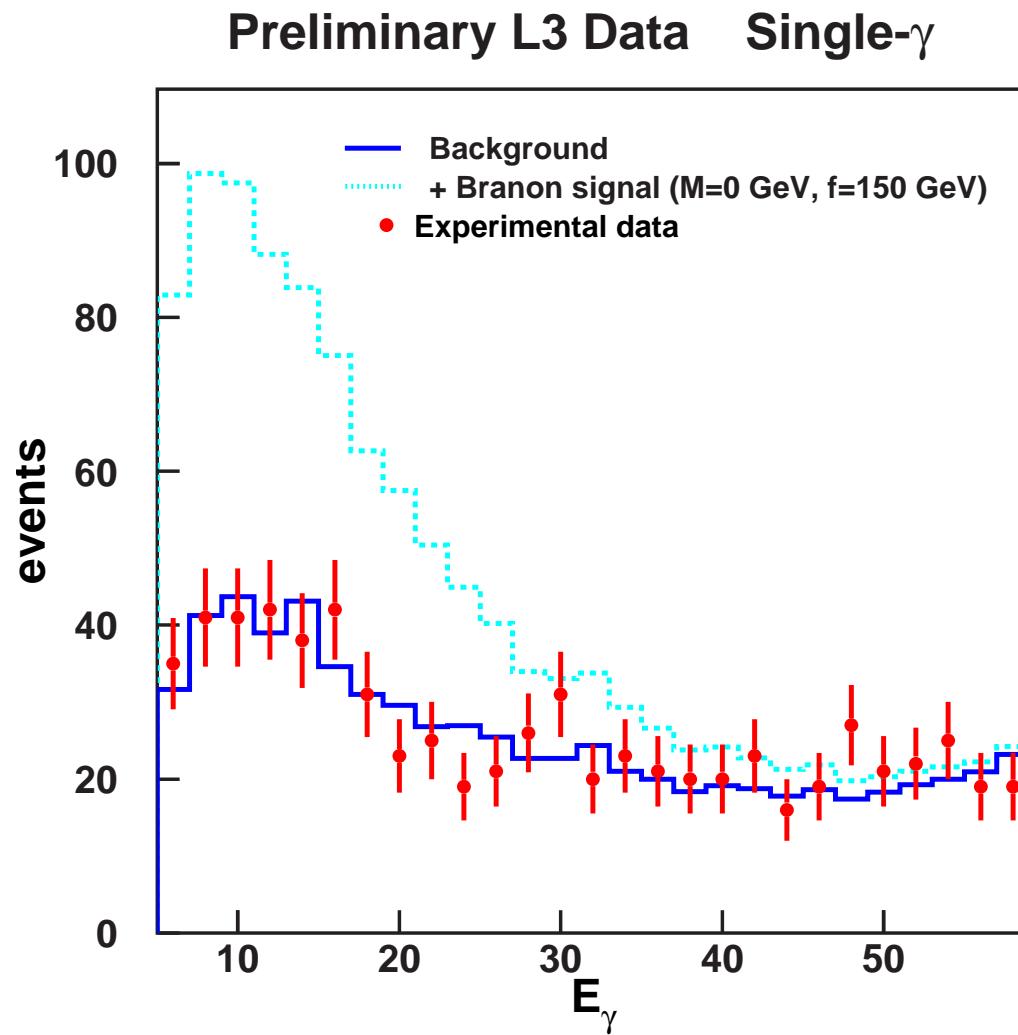
The branon mass is related to the metric properties of the extra space. They are massless only in simple cases like flat space.

The branon interaction presents vertices coupled to SM diagrams:



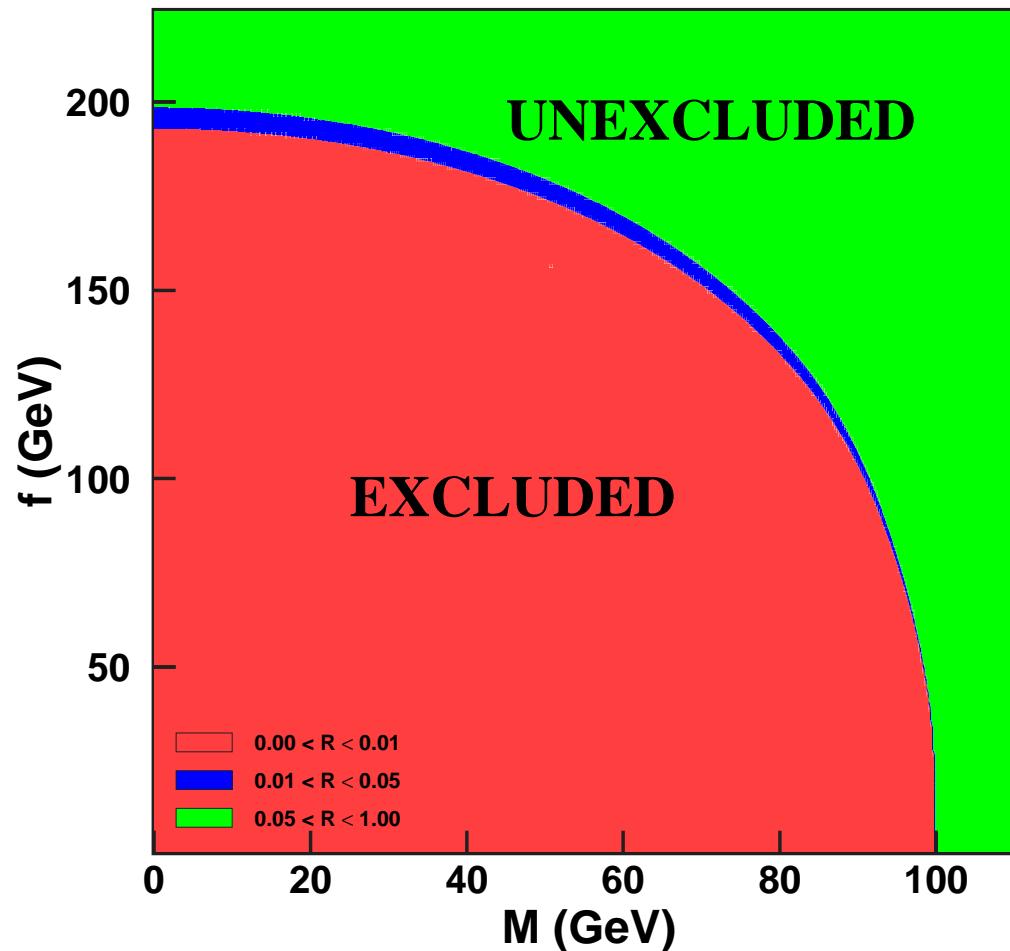
In L3, branons are searched for in the processes $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \hat{\pi}\hat{\pi}\gamma$ and $\hat{\pi}\hat{\pi}Z$. Additional cross section parametrised in terms of n (number of branons), M (mass) and f (brane tension scale).

Search for branons in single γ



Similar analysis performed for the channel $e^+e^- \rightarrow \hat{\pi}\hat{\pi}Z$.

Limits on Brane Tension



For $M = 0$, $f > 197$ GeV. Restrictions on f disappear for $M > 100$ GeV.

Limits from $e^+e^- \rightarrow \hat{\pi}\hat{\pi}Z$ are less stringent: $f > 48$ GeV for $M = 0$



No clear indication for new physics at LEP

Search for Higgs bosons in different phenomenological scenarios continues: flavour independent, fermiophobic, invisible...

**as well as the search for SUSY signatures
under the scope of different models**

New LEP combined results will come soon